

# Hall County Regional Planning Commission

Wednesday, July 1, 2020 Regular Meeting

# Item F3

Public Hearing - Proposed CRA Area #31 - Grand Island

Staff Contact:

## Agenda Item # 8

## PLANNING DIRECTOR RECOMMENDATION TO REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION: June 19, 2020

## SUBJECT: CRA Blight Study (Proposed CRA Area 31) C-16-2020GI

**PROPOSAL:** Attached is a copy of a Substandard and Blight Study as prepared by Marvin Planning Consultants entitled "Grand Island NE, Blighted and Substandard Study Area 31". This area as defined by the study will be referred to as Community Redevelopment Authority (CRA) Area 31. The study as prepared and submitted indicates that this property could be considered substandard and blighted. This only includes property that is located within the municipal limits of Grand Island. The study as presented shows that this property meets the criteria to be declared blighted and substandard of its own accord. The Planning Commission recommendation must be forwarded to the Grand Island City Council within 30 days of making the recommendation.

## **OVERVIEW**

This study is approximately 1.69 acres of property located between Henry Street and the Bike Trail, south of South Street, in south central Grand Island (Study Area).

The Statutory authority and direction to the Planning Commission is referenced below to explain the Planning Commission purpose in reviewing the study:

18-2109.3 Redevelopment plan; preparation; requirements; planning commission or board; public hearing; notice; governing body; public hearing; notice.

18-2109. Redevelopment plan; preparation; requirements; planning commission or board; public hearing; notice; governing body; public hearing; notice.

(1) An authority shall not prepare a redevelopment plan for a redevelopment project area unless the governing body of the city in which such area is located has, by resolution adopted after the public hearings required under this section, declared such area to be a substandard and blighted area in need of redevelopment.

(2) Prior to making such declaration, the governing body of the city shall conduct or cause to be conducted a study or an analysis on whether the area is substandard and blighted and shall submit the question of whether such area is substandard and blighted to the planning commission or board of the city for its review and recommendation. The planning commission or board shall hold a public hearing on the question after giving notice of the hearing as provided in section 18-2115.01. Such notice shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be declared substandard and blighted or information on where to find such map and shall provide information on where to find copies of the substandard and blighted study or analysis conducted pursuant to this subsection. The planning commission or board shall submit its written recommendations to the governing body of the city within thirty days after the public hearing.

(3) Upon receipt of the recommendations of the planning commission or board, or if no recommendations are received within thirty days after the public hearing required under subsection (2) of this section, the governing body shall hold a public hearing on the question of whether the area is substandard and blighted after giving notice of the hearing as provided in section 18-2115.01. Such notice shall include a map of sufficient size to show the area to be declared substandard and blighted or information on where to find such map and shall provide information on where to find such map and shall provide information on where to find such governing, all interested pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. At the public hearing, all interested parties shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to express their views respecting the proposed declaration. After such hearing, the governing body of the city may make its declaration.

(4) Copies of each substandard and blighted study or analysis conducted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be posted on the city's public web site or made available for public inspection at a location designated by the city.

# ~Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska

The attached study does not include a redevelopment plan. If this study is approved subsequent action will be necessary by both the Planning Commission and the City Council prior to any action involving Tax Increment Financing or the expenditure of tax dollars from the CRA budget within this area.

It is appropriate for the planning commission in conducting its review and considering its recommendation regarding the substandard and blighted designation to:

- 1. review the study,
- 2. take testimony from interested parties,
- 3. make findings of fact, and
- 4. Include those findings of fact as part of its recommendation to Council.

## Blighted and Substandard Defined

The terms blighted and substandard have very specific meanings within the context of the Community Redevelopment Statutes. Those terms as defined by Statute are included below:

# Section 18-2103

Terms, defined.

For purposes of the Community Development Law, unless the context otherwise requires:

(3) Blighted area means an area (a) which, by reason of the presence of a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures, existence of defective or inadequate street layout, faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness, insanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site or other improvements, diversity of ownership, tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land, defective or unusual conditions of title, improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of the community, retards the provision of housing accommodations, or constitutes an economic or social liability and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use and (b) in which there is at least one of the following conditions: (i) Unemployment in the designated area is at least one hundred twenty percent of the state or national average; (ii) the average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years; (iii) more than half of the plotted and subdivided property in an area is unimproved land that has been within the city for forty years and has remained unimproved during that time; (iv) the per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of the city or village in which the area is designated; or (v)the area has had either stable or decreasing population based on the last two decennial censuses. In no event shall a city of the metropolitan, primary, or first class designate more than thirty-five percent of the city as blighted, a city of the second class shall not designate an area larger than fifty percent of the city as blighted, and a village shall not designate an area larger than one hundred percent of the village as blighted. A redevelopment project involving a formerly used defense site as authorized under section 18-2123.01 shall not count towards the percentage limitations contained in this subdivision;

(31) **Substandard areas** shall mean an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare;

~Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska

# ANALYSIS-Blight and Substandard Study

The following findings are copied directly from the Study. The analysis of the substandard and blighted factors is conducted on pages 4 to 8 of the study.

#### FINDINGS FOR GRAND ISLAND

Study Area 31 has several items contributing to the Blight and Substandard Conditions. These conditions include:

## **Blighting Summary**

These conditions are contributing to the blighted conditions of the study area.

## Criteria under Part A of the Blight Definition

#### • Substantial number of deteriorating structures

• Within the study are 100.0% of the structures were deemed to be in either below normal or poor condition.

#### • Deterioration of site or other improvements

- o 100% of the road surfaces serving this study area are considered in an average to below average condition.
- $\circ 100.0\%$  of the curb and gutter are in an average to deteriorating condition
- Approximately 50.0% of the sidewalk is in a deteriorating state
- Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes
  - All of the lots within the study area contain rubble and/or materials throughout the properties that are dangerous to life or property.

#### **Criteria under Part B of the Blight Definition**

• **Stable or decreasing population based upon the last two decennial census** There has been zero population change during the past two decennial censuses.

#### The other criteria for Blight were not present in the area, these included:

- The average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years
- Faulty Lot Layout
- Improper Subdivision or Obsolete Platting
- Combination of factors which are impairing and/or arresting sound growth
- Insanitary and Unsafe Conditions
- Defective/Inadequate street layouts
- Tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding fair value of the land.
- Defective or unusual condition of title,
- Unemployment in the designated area is at least 120% of the state or national average.
- The per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of the city or village in which the area is designated.

These issues were either not present or were limited enough as to have little impact on the overall condition of the study area.

## Substandard Summary

Nebraska State Statute requires that "...an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or **the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes**, or any combination of such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare;" This Study Area in Grand Island meets the definition of Substandard as defined in the Revised Nebraska State Statutes.

#### FINDINGS FOR GRAND ISLAND BLIGHT STUDY AREA #31

Blight Study Area #31 has several items contributing to the Blight and Substandard Conditions. These conditions include:

#### **Blighted Conditions under Part A**

Substantial number of deteriorating structures Deterioration of site or other improvements Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes

#### **Criteria under Part B of the Blight Definition**

Stable or decreasing population based upon the last two decennial census

#### **Substandard Conditions**

Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

#### **Blight and Substandard Designation**

Planning Commission staff is recommending consideration of the following questions as a starting point in the analysis of this Study and in making a recommendation on the question of whether the property in question is blighted and substandard.

#### **Recommend Questions for Planning Commission**

- Does this property meet the statutory requirements to be considered blighted and substandard? (See the prior statutory references.)
- Are the blighted and substandard factors distributed throughout the Redevelopment Area, so basically good areas are not arbitrarily found to be substandard and blighted simply because of proximity to areas which are substandard and blighted? Is development of adjacent property necessary to eliminate blighted and substandard conditions in the area?
- Is public intervention appropriate and/or necessary for the redevelopment of the area?
- Will a blight declaration increase the likelihood of development/redevelopment in the near future and is that in the best interest of the City?
- What is the policy of the City toward increasing development and redevelopment in this area of the City?

Findings of fact must be based on the study and testimony presented including all written material and staff reports. The recommendation must be based on the declaration, not based on any proposed uses of the site. All of the testimony, a copy of the study and this memo along with any other information presented at the hearing should be entered into the record of the hearing.

If the Regional Planning Commission concludes that the area in question meets the definition of blighted and substandard and supports such conclusion with findings of fact they should move to recommend **approval** of the declaration as blighted and substandard based on the facts presented and identified at this meeting.

If the Regional Planning Commission concludes that the area in question does not meet the definition of blighted and substandard and supports such conclusions with findings of fact, they should move to recommend **denial** of the declaration as blighted and substandard based on the facts identified.

Chad Nabity AICP, Planning Director

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<u>City of Grand Island, NE</u> Blight and Substandard Study Area #31 May 2020



**ARVIN PLANNING CONSULTANTS** 

#### PURPOSE OF THE BLIGHT AND SUBSTANDARD STUDY

The purpose of completing this Blight and Substandard study is to examine existing conditions within a specific part of Grand Island. This study has been commissioned by John Baasch Augers in order to analyze the possibility of declaring the area as blighted and substandard.

The City of Grand Island, when considering conditions of Blight and Substandard, will be looking at those issues and definitions provided for in the Nebraska Community Redevelopment Law as found in Chapter 18, Section 2104 of the Revised Nebraska State Statutes, as follows:

"The governing body of a city, to the greatest extent it deems to be feasible in carrying out the provisions of the Community Development Law, shall afford maximum opportunity, consistent with the sound needs of the city as a whole, to the rehabilitation or redevelopment of the community redevelopment area by private enterprises. The governing body of a city shall give consideration to this objective in exercising its powers under the Community Development Law, including the formulation of a workable program, the approval of community redevelopment plans consistent with the general plan for the development of the city, the exercise of its zoning powers, the enforcement of other laws, codes, and regulations, relating to the use of land and the use and occupancy of buildings and improvements, the disposition of any property acquired, and the providing of necessary public improvements."

The Nebraska Revised Statutes §18-2105 continues by granting authority to the governing body for formulation of a workable program; disaster assistance; effect. The statute reads,

"The governing body of a city or an authority at its direction for the purposes of the Community Development Law may formulate for the entire municipality a workable program for utilizing appropriate private and public resources to eliminate or prevent the development or spread of urban blight, to encourage needed urban rehabilitation, to provide for the redevelopment of substandard and blighted areas, or to undertake such of the aforesaid activities or other feasible municipal activities as may be suitably employed to achieve the objectives of such workable program. Such workable program may include, without limitation, provision for the prevention of the spread of blight into areas of the municipality which are free from blight through diligent enforcement of housing, zoning, and occupancy controls and standards; the rehabilitation or conservation of substandard and blighted areas or portions thereof by replanning, removing congestion, providing parks, playgrounds, and other public improvements by encouraging voluntary rehabilitation and by compelling the repair and rehabilitation of deteriorated or deteriorating structures; and the clearance and redevelopment of substandard and blighted areas or portions thereof."

"Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Community Development Law, where the local governing body certifies that an area is in need of redevelopment or rehabilitation as a result of flood, fire, hurricane, earthquake, storm, or other catastrophe respecting which the Governor of the state has certified the need for disaster assistance under federal law, the local governing body may approve a redevelopment plan and a redevelopment project with respect to such area without regard to the provisions of the Community Development Law requiring a general plan for the municipality and notice and public hearing or findings other than herein set forth."

Based on the Nebraska Revised Statutes §18-2103 the following definitions shall apply:

"Blighted area means an area (a) which, by reason of the presence of a substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures, existence of defective or inadequate street layout, faulty lot layout in relation to size, adequacy, accessibility, or usefulness, insanitary or unsafe conditions, deterioration of site or other improvements, diversity of ownership, tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair value of the land, defective or unusual conditions of title, improper subdivision or obsolete platting, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or

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property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, substantially impairs or arrests the sound growth of the community, retards the provision of housing accommodations, or constitutes an economic or social liability and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare in its present condition and use and (b) in which there is at least one of the following conditions: (i) Unemployment in the designated area is at least one hundred twenty percent of the state or national average; (ii) the average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years; (iii) more than half of the plotted and subdivided property in an area is unimproved land that has been within the city for forty years and has remained unimproved during that time; (iv) the per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of the city or village in which the area is designated; or (v) the area has had either stable or decreasing population based on the last two decennial censuses. In no event shall a city of the metropolitan, primary, or first class designate more than thirty-five percent of the city as blighted, a city of the second class shall not designate an area larger than fifty percent of the city as blighted, and a village shall not designate an area larger than one hundred percent of the village as blighted. A redevelopment project involving a formerly used defense site as authorized under section 18-2123.01 shall not count towards the percentage limitations contained in this subdivision;"

**"Extremely blighted area** means a substandard and blighted area in which: (a) The average rate of unemployment in the area during the period covered by the most recent federal decennial census is at least two hundred percent of the average rate of unemployment in the state during the same period; and (b) the average poverty rate in the area exceeds twenty percent for the total federal census tract or tracts or federal census block group or block groups in the area;"

"**Substandard area** means an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes, or any combination of such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare; and"

## "Workforce housing means:

- (a) Housing that meets the needs of today's working families;
- (b) Housing that is attractive to new residents considering relocation to a rural community;
- (c) Owner-occupied housing units that cost not more than two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars to construct or rental housing units that cost not more than two hundred thousand dollars per unit to construct. For purposes of this subdivision (c), housing unit costs shall be updated annually by the Department of Economic Development based upon the most recent increase or decrease in the Producer Price Index for all commodities, published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics;
- (d) Owner-occupied and rental housing units for which the cost to substantially rehabilitate exceeds fifty percent of a unit's assessed value; and
- (e) Upper-story housing."

This Blight and Substandard Study is being considered a "micro-blight" area under the definition established by the City of Grand Island. The Study is intended to give the Grand Island Community Redevelopment Authority, Hall County Regional Planning Commission and Grand Island City Council the basis for identifying and declaring Blighted and Substandard conditions existing within the City's jurisdiction and as allowed under Chapter 18. Through this process, the City and property owners will be attempting to address economic and/or social liabilities which are harmful to the well-being of the entire community.

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The study area can be seen in Figure 1 of this report. A Redevelopment Plan to be submitted in the future containing, in accordance with the law, definite local objectives regarding appropriate land uses, improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities and other public improvements, and the proposed land uses and building requirements in the redevelopment area and shall include:

- The boundaries defining the blighted and substandard areas in question (including existing uses and conditions of the property within the area), and
- A list of the conditions present, which qualify the area as blighted and substandard.

## BLIGHT AND SUBSTANDARD ELIGIBILITY STUDY

This study targets a specific area within an established part of the community for evaluation. The area is indicated in Figure 1 of this report. The existing uses in this Micro-blight include residential uses including accessory uses within the corporate limits of Grand Island.

Through the redevelopment process the City of Grand Island can guide future development and redevelopment throughout the area. The use of the Community Redevelopment Act by the City of Grand Island is intended to redevelop and improve the area. Using the Community Redevelopment Act, the City of Grand Island can assist in the elimination of negative conditions and implement different programs/projects identified for the City.

The following is the description of the designated area within Grand Island.

Lots 1 and 2 Block 1, Dawn Subdivision and Lots 1 and 2, Block 2, Dawn Subdivision and the adjacent right-of-way of Ada Street.

## Study Area

## Figure 1: Study Area Map



Source: Hall County GIS and Marvin Planning Consultants 2020 Note: Lines and Aerial may not match.

## EXISTING LAND USES

The term "Land Use" refers to the developed uses in place within a building or on a specific parcel of land. The number and type of uses are constantly changing within a community and produce a number of impacts either benefitting or detracting from the community. Existing patterns of land use are often fixed in older communities and neighborhoods, while development in newer areas is often reflective of current development practices.

#### Existing Land Use Analysis within Study Area

As part of the planning process, a survey was conducted through both in-field observations, as well as data collection online using the Hall County Assessors website. This survey noted the use of each parcel of land within the study area. These data from the survey are analyzed in the following paragraphs.

| TABLE 1: EXISTING LAND USE, GRAND ISLAND - 2020 |       |  |                          |
|---|-------|--|--------------------------|
| Type of Use                                     | Acres | Percent of<br>Developed land<br>within the Study<br>Area | Percent of<br>Study Area |
| Residential                                     | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Single-family                                   | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Multi-family                                    | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Manufactured Housing                            | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Commercial                                      | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Industrial                                      | 1.49  | 88.2%  | 88.2%                    |
| Quasi-Public/Public                             | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Parks/Recreation                                | 0     | 0.0%   | 0.0%                     |
| Transportation                                  | 0.20  | 11.8%  | 11.8%                    |
| Total Developed Land                            | 1.69  | 100.0%   | 100.0%                   |
| Vacant/Agriculture                              | 0.00  |  | 0.00%                    |
| Total Area                                      | 1.69  |  | 100.0%                   |

Source: Marvin Planning Consultants 2020

Table 1 includes the existing land uses for the entire study area. The table contains the total acres determined per land use from the survey; next is the percentage of those areas compared to the total developed land; and finally, the third set of data compare the all land uses to the total area within the Study Area. The Study Area is made up of manufacturing/industrial uses (88.2%), and Transportation oriented land (street and R.O.W)(11.8%). The entire area considered completely developed.

#### Figure 2 Existing Land Use Map



Source: Hall County GIS and Marvin Planning Consultants 2020 Note: Lines and Aerial may not match.

## FINDINGS OF BLIGHT AND SUBSTANDARD CONDITIONS ELIGIBILITY STUDY

This section of the study examines the conditions found in the study area. The Findings Section will review the conditions based upon the statutory definitions.

## **CONTRIBUTING FACTORS**

There were a number of conditions examined and evaluated in the field and online. There are a number of conditions that will be reviewed in detail, on the following pages, while some of the statutory conditions are not present.

## **Structural Conditions**

Structural conditions were evaluated, structures were either rated as: Very Good, Good, Fair, Average, or badly worn. The data and rating system comes from the Hall County Assessor's database and is the same database used to value properties in the area.

Based upon the data provided to the planning team, the following is the breakdown for structures in the study area:

- 0 ( 0.0%) structures rated as very good
- 0 ( 0.0%) structures rated as good
- 0 ( 0.0%) structure rated as fair
- 8 (66.7%) structures rated as average
- 4 (33.3%) structure rated as badly worn

#### **Figure 3: Structural Conditions**



| Lege | nd<br>Normal Condition |
|------|------------------------|
| 0    | Below Normal           |
| •    | Poor                   |
|      |                        |

Source: Hall County Assessor and Marvin Planning Consultants 2020 Note: Lines and Aerial may not match.



Based upon these data, an assumption has been made that average condition and less would constitute less than desirable conditions due to age and conditions. It is common for older structures to get more maintenance and upkeep in order to maintain a good or higher condition. Even an average structure will show some signs of deteriorating which in turn can become a dilapidated structure in the future if it is not addressed over time. Overall, 100.0% of the structures in this study area are below normal condition or worse based upon the Hall County Assessor's data.

Due to the stated conditions found in the Hall County Assessor's data, the condition of the structure is a contributing factor.

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Figure 4: Deterioration of Site or Other Improvements



Source: Hall County GIS, Google Earth and Marvin Planning Consultants 2020 Note: Lines and Aerial may not match.



# **Deterioration of Site or Other Improvements**

#### Site Improvements Conditions

The only site improvements within the study area are between Block 1 and 2 along Ada Street.

Based upon review of images of the study area, Figure 4 was created. The Figure indicates:

- 100% of the road surfaces serving this study area are considered in an average to below average condition.
- 100.0% of the curb and gutter are in an average to deteriorating condition
- Approximately 50.0% of the sidewalk is in a deteriorating state

Based upon the field analysis, there are sufficient elements present to meet the definition of deterioration of site and other improvements in the Study Area.

## Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes

The properties within this study have existing conditions which can be considered to be dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes.

- Along the Ada Street side of Block 2 there is considerable rubble lying in the right-of-way
- Both properties have considerable debris



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## Stable or decreasing population based on the last two decennial censuses

The Dawn Subdivision was originally platted in 1890. However, the buildings constructed within this study area were constructed around 1985. Therefore, the overall population of this study has been zero and has had no growth during the last two decennial censuses.

## Blighting Summary

These conditions are contributing to the blighted conditions of the study area.

## Criteria under Part A of the Blight Definition

#### • Substantial number of deteriorating structures

• Within the study are 100.0% of the structures were deemed to be in either below normal or poor condition.

#### • Deterioration of site or other improvements

- 100% of the road surfaces serving this study area are considered in an average to below average condition.
- o 100.0% of the curb and gutter are in an average to deteriorating condition
- Approximately 50.0% of the sidewalk is in a deteriorating state

#### • Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes

• All of the lots within the study area contain rubble and/or materials throughout the properties that are dangerous to life or property.

## Criteria under Part B of the Blight Definition

• Stable or decreasing population based upon the last two decennial census There has been zero population change during the past two decennial censuses.

#### The other criteria for Blight were not present in the area, these included:

- The average age of the residential or commercial units in the area is at least forty years
- Faulty Lot Layout
- Improper Subdivision or Obsolete Platting
- Combination of factors which are impairing and/or arresting sound growth
- Insanitary and Unsafe Conditions
- Defective/Inadequate street layouts
- Tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding fair value of the land.
- Defective or unusual condition of title,
- Unemployment in the designated area is at least 120% of the state or national average.
- The per capita income of the area is lower than the average per capita income of the city or village in which the area is designated.

These issues were either not present or were limited enough as to have little impact on the overall condition of the study area.

# **Substandard Conditions**

Existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes

The properties within this study have existing conditions which can be considered to be dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes.

- Along the Ada Street side of Block 2 there is considerable rubble lying in the right-of-way
- Both properties have considerable debris



# Substandard Summary

Nebraska State Statute requires that "...an area in which there is a predominance of buildings or improvements, whether nonresidential or residential in character, which, by reason of dilapidation, deterioration, age or obsolescence, inadequate provision for ventilation, light, air, sanitation, or open spaces, high density of population and overcrowding, or **the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire and other causes**, or any combination of such factors, is conducive to ill health, transmission of disease, infant mortality, juvenile delinquency, and crime, (which cannot be remedied through construction of prisons), and is detrimental to the public health, safety, morals, or welfare;"

This Study Area in Grand Island meets the definition of Substandard as defined in the Revised Nebraska State Statutes.

#### FINDINGS FOR GRAND ISLAND BLIGHT STUDY AREA #31

Blight Study Area #31 has several items contributing to the Blight and Substandard Conditions. These conditions include:

## **Blighted Conditions under Part A**

Substantial number of deteriorating structures Deterioration of site or other improvements Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes

## Criteria under Part B of the Blight Definition

Stable or decreasing population based upon the last two decennial census

## **Substandard Conditions**

Dangerous conditions to life or property due to fire or other causes

#### **Resolution Number 2020-07**

#### HALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

#### A RESOLUTION RECOMMENDING APPROVAL OF A BLIGHT AND SUBSTANDARD STUDY BY THE CITY OF GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA; AND APPROVAL OF RELATED ACTIONS

WHEREAS, the Grand Island City Council at its May 26, 2020 meeting, referred the Blight and Substandard Study for CRA Area 31, commissioned by John Baasch Augers to the Hall County Regional Planning Commission, (the "Commission") for review and recommendation as to its conformity with the general plan for the development of the City of Grand Island, Hall County, Nebraska, pursuant to the Nebraska Community Development Law, Chapter 18, Article 21, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, as amended (the "Act"); and

WHEREAS, the Commission held a public hearing regarding said Blight and Substandard Study at their meeting on July 1, 2020, and:

WHEREAS, the Commission has reviewed said Blight and Substandard Study and confirmed the following findings:

- This property as presented in the study meets the requirements to be declared substandard,
- This property as presented in the study meets the requirements to be declared blighted,
- The factors are necessary to declare the property blighted and substandard are sufficiently distributed to impact development across the entire site,
- That development of this property to its full potential is in the best interest of the City of Grand Island and the entire region,
- That there are projects ready to develop at this site if they can meet the financial goals of the developers,

# NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The Commission hereby recommends approval of the Blight and Substandard Study.

**Section 2.** All prior resolutions of the Commission in conflict with the terms and provisions of this resolution are hereby expressly repealed to the extent of such conflicts.

Section 3. This resolution shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage as provided by law.

**DATED:** July 1, 2020.

# HALL COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

ATTEST:

By: \_\_\_\_\_ Chair

By: \_\_\_\_

Secretary