

#### **GIAMPO – Technical Advisory Committee**

#### Monday, October 19, 2020 10:00 am @ City Hall- Community Meeting Room 100 E 1st Street, Grand Island, NE 68801

#### **AGENDA**

- Call to Order
  - This is a public meeting subject to the open meetings laws of the State of Nebraska. The requirements for an open meeting are posted on the wall in this room and anyone that wants to find out what those are is welcome to read through them.
- 2. Roll Call
- 3. Zoom Call Information
- 4. Approval of Minutes from the August 10, 2020 Technical Advisory Committee Meeting
- 5. Approval Recommendation of Final Draft TIP Amendment No. 1 to FY 2021-2025 TIP
- 6. Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for Safety Performance Measures
- Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for Pavement and Bridge Condition
   Performance Measures
- 8. Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability Performance Measures
- 9. Long Range Transportation Plan Project Priorities
- 10. Next Meeting
- 11. Adjournment

<b>Special Accommodations</b> : Please notify the City of Grand Island at 308-385-5444 if you require special accommodations to attend this meeting (i.e., interpreter services, large print, reader, hearing assistance).

### **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### **Item GEN1**

#### **Zoom Call Information**

Due to COVID-19 this meeting will be held via Zoom for the general public, if they so choose. Directions for joining via Zoom are on the next page.

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

Catrina DeLosh is inviting you to a scheduled Zoom meeting.

#### Join Zoom Meeting

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## **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### Item C1

Approval of Minutes from the August 10, 2020 Technical Advisory Committee Meeting

Staff Contact: Chad Nabity, Regional Planning Director

## GRAND ISLAND AREA METROPOLITAN PLANNING ORGANIZATION (GIAMPO) TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE (TAC) MINUTES

August 10, 2020 at 10:00 am

Grand Island City Hall – Council Chambers

100 E 1<sup>st</sup> Street, Grand Island, NE 68801

#### **Voting Members in Attendance:**

Keith Kurz, City of Grand Island, Assistant Public Works Director	Present
John Collins, City of Grand Island, Public Works Director	Present
Jerry Janulewicz, City of Grand Island, City Administrator	Absent
Chad Nabity, Hall County Regional Planning Director	Present
Steve Riehle, Hall County Public Works Director	Present
Mike Meyer, Merrick County Hwy Superintendent	Present
Wes Wahlgren, NDOT District 4 Engineer	Present
Craig Wacker, NDOT Highway Planning Manager	Present
Ramona Schafer, Village of Alda	Present
Mike Olson, Central Nebraska Regional Airport	Present via Zoom
Charley Falmlen, City of Grand Island Transit Program Manager	Present

#### **Non-Voting Members in Attendance:**

Andres Gomez, City of Grand Island, MPO Program Manager	Present
Shannon Callahan, City of Grand Island, Street Superintendent	Present
Patrick Brown, City of Grand Island, Finance Director	Present
Brian Schultz, City of Grand Island, Asst. Finance Director	Present
Catrina DeLosh, City of Grand Island, Public Works Admin Coordinator	Present
Tim Golka, City of Grand Island, Project Manager	Present
Stacy Nonhof, City of Grand Island, City Attorney (interim)	Present
Cindy Johnson, Grand Island Area Chamber of Commerce	Absent
Mary Berlie, Grand Island Area Economic Development Corp.	Present
Justin Luther, FHWA, Transportation Planner, Realty, Civil Rights	Present
Mark Bechtel, FTA, Community Planner	Absent
Logan Daniels, FTA, Region VII	Absent
Eva Steinman, FTA, Region VII Community Planner	Absent
Kaine McClelland, NDOT, State Modeler	Present
Jeff Soula, NDOT, Local Projects Urban Engineer	Absent
Ryan Huff, NDOT, Planning and Project Development Engineer	Absent
Mark Fischer, NDOT, Assistant Planning Engineer	Absent
Tomlin Bentley, Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad	Absent
Kyle Nodgaard, Union Pacific Railroad	Absent
Sara Thompson-Kassidy, Union Pacific Railroad	Absent

#### **Call to Order**

Nabity called the meeting to order at 10:02 am. The Nebraska Open Meetings Act was acknowledged. The attendance of Jason Carbee of HDR, Inc. was recognized.

#### **Roll Call**

Roll call was taken.

#### Approval of Minutes from the April 13, 2020 Technical Advisory Committee

Motion by Collins to approve the minutes of the April 13, 2020 meeting, seconded by Wahlgren. Upon voice vote, all voted aye. Motion adopted.

#### Approval Recommendation of Final Draft Amendment No. 1 to FY 2021 Unified Planning Work **Program**

Gomez informed the Committee of priorities and activities that have changed, which requires an amendment to the FY 2021 Unified Planning Work Program. Such changes necessitate a fifteen (15) day public comment period, which will run from August 7, 2020 to August 24, 2020. Motion by Wahlgren and second by Riehle to approve the Recommendation of Final Draft Amendment No. 1 to FY 2021 Unified Planning Work Program. Motion adopted.

#### **LRTP Update**

Jason Carbee of HDR presented an update on the Long Range Transportation Plan, which consisted of future development growth and traffic conditions, project list overview, and project prioritization overview. The draft LRTP is planned to be complete October/November 2020 and adopted by the Policy Board early next year.

#### **Next Meeting Date**

The next meeting of the TAC will be on October 19, 2020 at 10:00 am.

#### Adjournment

There being no further business, Nabity adjourned the meeting at 10:26 am.

## **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### Item H1

Approval Recommendation of Final Draft TIP Amendment No. 1 to FY 2021-2025 TIP

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

Agenda Item No. H1

October 19, 2020

#### **ISSUE**

VOTE: Amendment No. 1 to the 2021-2025 Transportation Improvement Program

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) is the region's short-range program, identifying projects to receive federal funds and projects of regional significance to be implemented over the next five year period. The Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (GIAMPO) amends the TIP to accommodate changes to projects in the TIP.

The proposed Amendment No. 1 to the 2021-2025 TIP includes changes to one transit and seven roadway projects:

#### • 1 revised transit project:

 TIP No. 2021-003 – changes include using CARES Act funding in addition to state and local funds to plan and purchase the transit facility (\$1,708,000) in fiscal year 2021.

#### • 7 revised roadway project:

- TIP No. 2018-003 change the year of expenditure for right of way from 2020 to 2021, change the construction cost (Local) from \$479,000 to 503,000, change the construction cost (Federal) from \$1,914,000 to \$2,011,000 for the 5-Points Intersection Improvements project in Grand Island, NE.
- TIP No. 2016-004 change the year of expenditure for PE from 2020 to 2022, change the year of expenditure for ROW from 2021 to 2023, change year of expenditure for construction from 2022 to 2024, change PE cost (Local) from \$191,000 to 147,000, change PE cost (State) from \$2,126,000 to \$2,204,000, change construction cost (Local) from \$2,199,000 to \$2,190,000, change construction cost (State) from \$20,369,000 to \$23,054,000 for the US-281 West project in Grand Island, NE.
- TIP No. 2016-008 change PE cost (State) from \$280,000 to \$290,000, change construction cost (Local) from \$170,000 to \$197,000, change construction cost (Federal) from \$3,636,000 to \$4,007,000, change construction cost (State) from \$899,000 to \$969,000 for the Grand Island Bridges project in Grand Island, NE.
- TIP No. 2018-001 change PE cost (State) from \$99,000 to \$380,000, change ROW cost (State) from \$10,000 to \$0, change construction cost (Local) from \$199,000 to \$4,006,000, change construction cost (Federal) from \$7,852,000 to \$9,356,000, change construction cost (State) from \$1,802,000 to \$1,720,000 for the Cairo – Grand Island project.
- o TIP No. 2020-001 change PE cost (State) from \$74,000 to \$418,000 for the Grand Island & South (SB) project.

- TIP No. 2020-002 change year of expenditure for PE from 2020 to 2021, change year of expenditure for construction from 2021 to 2022 for the District 4 Wetland Bank project.
- TIP No. 2020-003 change PE cost (State) from \$3,000 to \$27,000, change construction cost (State) from \$657,000 to \$1,018,000.

#### POLICY CONSIDERATIONS/DISCUSSION

GIAMPO's Public Participation Plan requires that proposed amendments to the TIP be released for public review and comment prior to Policy Board adoption.

The project in the proposed Amendment No. 1 is financially constrained, and it is consistent with the currently adopted Long Range Transportation Plan.

#### **BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS**

None.

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

None.

#### RECOMMENDATION

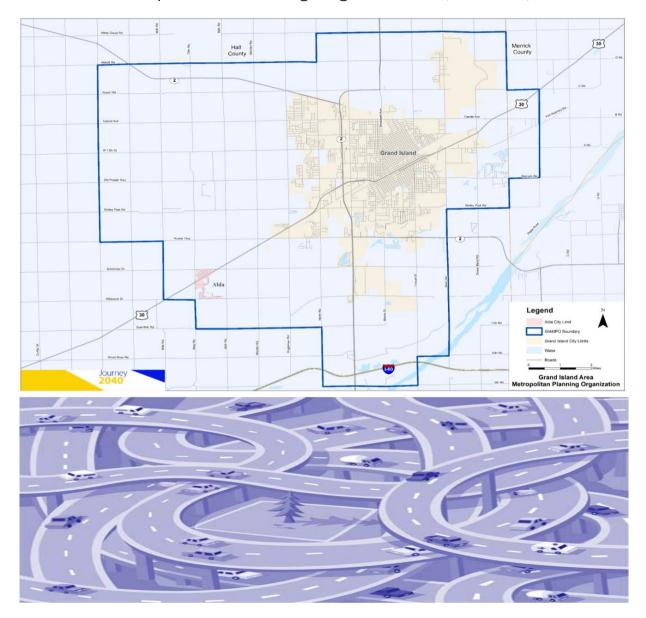
Approve Amendment No. 1 to the 2021-2025 Transportation Improvement Program and release this amendment for public review and comment.

#### STAFF CONTACTS

**Andres Gomez** 

## Transportation Improvement Program Fiscal Years 2021 - 2025

## Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (GIAMPO)



#### **Disclaimer**

The preparation of this report has been financed in part through funds from the Federal Highway Administration and Federal Transit Administration, U. S. Department of Transportation, under the Metropolitan Planning Program, Section 104(f) of Title 23, U.S. Code. The contents of this report do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of the U.S. Department of Transportation.

Amendment No. 1 – Open for public comments from October 20 – November 4. 2021-2025 TIP – Approved on May 26, 2020 by the GIAMPO Policy Board (Resolution 2020-1)



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#### **Acronyms**

AC Advanced Construction

**CMAQ** Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Program

**DOT** Department of Transportation

**EA** Earmark

**GIAMPO** Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization

**HSIP** Highway Safety Improvement Program

**FAST Act** Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act

**FHWA** Federal Highway Administration

**FTA** Federal Transit Administration

MAP-21 Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act

MPO Metropolitan Planning Organization

NDOT Nebraska Department of Transportation

NHPP National Highway Performance Program

STIP Statewide Transportation Improvement Program

**TAM** Transit Asset Management

**TIP** Transportation Improvement Program

**TPM** Transportation Performance Management

**USDOT** United States Department of Transportation

YOE Year of Expenditure

**3-C** Continuing, Cooperative, and Comprehensive

#### Introduction

The Transportation Improvement Program (TIP) for the Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (GIAMPO) Metropolitan Planning Area is a staged, five-year schedule of transportation improvements using (or expected to use) Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) or Federal Transit Administration (FTA) funding, state funds, and other projects that have significant system impacts. The TIP is developed cooperatively by the GIAMPO Technical Advisory Committee and agencies within the GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area including City of Grand Island Public Works Department, Hall County Public Works Department, Merrick County Highway Department, Village of Alda, Nebraska Department of Transportation (NDOT), and others agencies as transportation related projects are developed. The GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area (MPA) is illustrated in **Figure 1**.

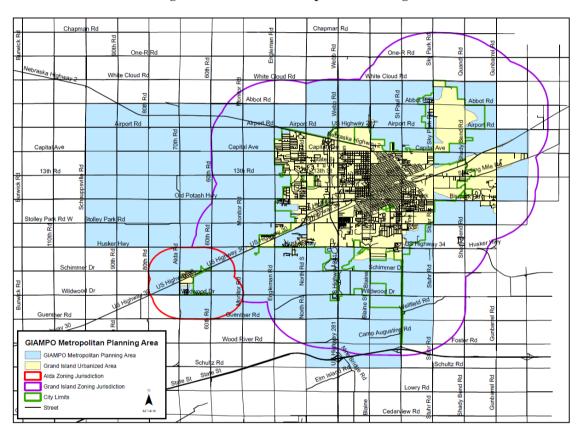


Figure 1 – GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area

Federal regulations require that each urbanized area, as a condition to receive federal capital or operating assistance, have a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive (3-C) transportation planning process. The Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) is the organization designated to carry out the 3-C process which results in plans and programs that are consistent with the comprehensively planned development of the urbanized area. The TIP, along with the Long Range Transportation Plan, is a key element of this process. The Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) became law in 2012 which authorizes surface transportation programs and continues the basic planning requirements. The Fixing America's Surface Transportation Act (FAST Act), became law in 2015 and continues the Metropolitan Planning programs. These programs continue the requirement for a cooperative, continuous, and comprehensive framework for making transportation investment decisions in metropolitan areas

and the joint oversight by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) and the Federal Transit Administration (FTA). In order to remain eligible for federal transportation funding, the planning process must demonstrate that the GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area is in compliance with all federal requirements for metropolitan transportation planning.

#### **Purpose of the TIP**

The primary purpose of this document is to provide information to FHWA, FTA, NDOT, transportation agencies, and citizens regarding the TIP development process which:

- Depicts the GIAMPO priorities for the expenditure of federal funds for all transportation funding categories by federal fiscal year including highway and public transportation projects;
- Provides assurance to the FHWA that the project selection process has been carried out in accordance with federal requirements, Section 134 of Title 23, U.S. Code, as amended; and
- Demonstrates that the TIP is financially feasible.

#### Federal Requirements for Transportation Improvement Programs

The planning and programming regulations include specific requirements for development and content of TIPs which are summarized below and addressed within this document.

#### Time Period

The TIP is to cover at least a four-year period and be updated at least every four years. The financial and project tables included in this document cover FY 2020–2024. NDOT and the MPOs have established an annual update cycle for the TIP. GIAMPO on an annual basis must submit an approved TIP to NDOT prior to June 15.

#### **Public Comments**

The TIP process is to provide opportunity for public review and comment on the TIP. GIAMPO's transportation planning process allows for public involvement at various points within the transportation plan and program development. GIAMPO's Public Participation Plan was adopted on November 24, 2015.

#### Specific Project Information

The TIP is to list capital and non-capital surface transportation projects to use a variety of federal funds or regionally significant projects requiring FHWA or FTA action. For each project or project phase the TIP shall include sufficient descriptive material including description, location, length, total cost, amount of federal funds, and responsible agency. Line items may be used for projects that are not considered to be of appropriate scale for individual identification. A complete detailed project listing is organized by project type for each project.

#### Consistency with the Long Range Transportation Plan

Each project or project phase in the TIP is to be consistent with the Long Range Transportation Plan, its goals, and performance measures. For each project included in the detailed project listing, GIAMPO staff cross-checks with the Long Range Transportation Plan to ensure consistency.

#### Financial Constraint

The TIP is to include a financial plan including system level estimates of costs and revenue sources that are reasonably expected to be available to adequately operate and maintain federal-aid highways and public transportation. The financial plan is shown on page 14, which summarizes the TIP financial resources.

#### Process for Including Projects in the TIP

The TIP should specify the process to identify projects for inclusion in the TIP in coordination with the Long Range Transportation Plan. GIAMPO's process annually coordinates with NDOT and local agencies to program projects in the TIP.

#### Status of Projects from the previous TIP

The TIP should list major projects from the previous TIP that were implemented or delayed. Each section lists projects under construction, completed, delayed, or moved out of the current programming period.

#### Transportation Control Measures and Air Quality

The Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Area is in conformance for air quality and the state does not require a State Implementation Plan for meeting Clean Air Act requirements.

#### The Metropolitan Planning Organization Structure

The governor designates the MPOs for urban areas in the state to be responsible for carrying out the urban transportation planning process through the development of a Long Range Transportation Plan and TIP. GIAMPO is the designated MPO for the Metropolitan Planning Area which includes the City of Grand Island, Village of Alda, and portions of Hall and Merrick Counties. The MPO is composed of elected and appointed officials representing local, state, and federal governments and agencies having interest or responsibility in land use planning, the quality and the location of transportation facilities, transportation safety issues on all roads, and better planning and designs.

The Mayor of the City of Grand Island Area is the "Chair" of the GIAMPO Policy Board. Under the Mayor, the MPO functions through a committee structure consisting of the GIAMPO Policy Board, GIAMPO Technical Advisory Committee, subcommittees which may be created to assist the Technical Advisory Committee on various local transportation issues, and MPO administrative staff to establish and approve the Long Range Transportation Plan, TIP, and other work of the MPO. The GIAMPO Policy Board is composed of elected and appointed officials representing local, state, and federal governments or agencies having interest or responsibility in the comprehensive transportation planning process. Below is the current membership of the GIAMPO Policy Board and Technical Advisory Committee.

#### **Current Membership of the Policy Board**

Roger G. Steele, Mayor Mitch Nickerson, Councilman Julie Hehnke, Councilwoman Clay Schutz, Councilman Ron Peterson, District 7 Supervisor Gary Quandt, District 6 Supervisor Pat O'Neill, Chairman Kyle Schneweis, Director City of Grand Island
Hall County Board of Supervisors
Hall County Board of Supervisors
Hall County Planning Commission
Nebraska Department of Transportation

Joseph Werning, Division Administrator Mokhtee Ahmad, Regional Administrator FHWA Nebraska Division (Ex-Facto) FTA Region VII (Ex-Facto)

#### **Current Membership of the Technical Advisory Committee**

#### **Voting**

Jerom Janulewicz, City Administrator

Chad Nabity, Director

John Collins, Public Works Director

Keith Kurz, Director of Engineering Services Charley Falmlen, Transit Program Manager Craig Wacker, Highway Planning Manager

Wes Wahlgren, District 4 Engineer
Steve Riehle. Public Works Director

Steve Riehle, Public Works Director Mike Meyer, Highway Superintendent Romana Schafer, Clerk/Treasurer

Mike Olson, Executive Director

City of Grand Island

Hall County Regional Planning Dept.

City of Grand Island City of Grand Island City of Grand Island

Nebraska Department of Transportation Nebraska Department of Transportation

Hall County
Merrick County
Village of Alda

Central Nebraska Regional Airport

#### Non-Voting

Justin Luther, Trans. Planner, Realty, Civil Rights Logan Daniels, Transportation Program Specialist

Daniel Nguyen, Community Planner Jodi Gibson, Local Projects Engineer VACANT, Assistant Planning Engineer

Sara Thompson Cassidy

Bentley Tomlin Cindy Johnson Mary Berlie

Patrick Brown, Finance Director

Shannon Callahan, Street Superintendent

Federal Highway Administration Federal Transit Administration - VII Federal Transit Administration - VII Nebraska Department of Transportation Nebraska Department of Transportation

Union Pacific Railroad

City of Grand Island

Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad Grand Island Chamber of Commerce

Grand Island Area Economic Development Corporation City of Grand Island

#### **Geographic Area the TIP Covers**

The Metropolitan Planning Area is the geographic area in which the metropolitan transportation planning process must be carried out. The boundaries of the Metropolitan Planning Area are determined by agreement between the Governor and the MPO. The GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area encompasses the City of Grand Island, Village of Alda, and portions of Hall and Merrick Counties.

#### **Transportation Improvement Program (TIP)**

The TIP is a programming document that identifies the timing and funding of all highway, bridge, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian transportation projects scheduled for implementation in the MPO planning area over a four -year period using federal transportation funds and is annually coordinated with the State-TIP process. According to federal regulations governing transportation planning, the TIP is to be a staged multi-year program of transportation improvement projects that "shall cover a period of not less than four years and be consistent with the urban area transportation plan."

The TIP is directly related to the City's, County's, and State's Capital Improvement Programs which are brought forward at this time each year. The TIP identifies funding amounts by source

of funding, jurisdictional responsibility, type of project, and year of funding for these projects. This program is a listing of priority projects which are to be carried out within the next five fiscal years which include FY 2020-2021, 2021-2022, 2022-2023, 2023-2024 and 2024-2025. Projects planned for implementation beyond this time frame are not listed in this program since local funding may be tentative and federal funds for these projects cannot be obligated.

The TIP reflects the priorities and direction of the region and its state and federal partners in the transportation planning process. Projects identified in the TIP must be consistent with the projects or goals and objectives identified in the current Long Range Transportation Plan for the Grand Island metropolitan region. The TIP is part of the MPO's effort to establish and maintain the planning process required by the federal government as a condition for receipt of federal transportation funding. This program of projects depicts the MPO's priorities for the expenditure of federal funds for all transportation funding categories by federal fiscal year including highway and public transportation projects. The TIP document may also include, for informational purposes, non-federally funded projects occurring in the planning area. The federal government regulations require the TIP to be updated and adopted by the local MPO at least every four years.

#### **Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP)**

The TIP becomes part of the State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) by reference and the frequency and cycle for updating the TIP is compatible with STIP development and approval process. NDOT and the Nebraska MPOs have established an annual update cycle.

The STIP begins as a compilation of the regional TIPs that have been adopted by the MPOs and develops into a comprehensive list of all highway (state or local) and all transit (capital or operating) projects in urban and rural areas that propose to use federal funds. All federally funded projects proposed to begin between October 1st and September 30th from all of the regional TIPs across the state are included in this STIP including federally funded projects in rural areas. The STIP is updated every year and is to include a minimum four year listing of federal-aid projects for approval by FHWA and FTA.

#### **Conformance with Long Range Transportation Plan**

All projects were drawn from, or are consistent with, the GIAMPO Long Range Transportation Plan (Journey 2040), Regional Transit Needs Assessment and Feasibility Study, State Transportation Plans and Needs Studies, and the recommendations of local governments and citizens for the TIP. The projects reflect community goals and objectives and are assigned to the appropriate staging period based on the area's priorities, the individual project urgency, and the anticipated funding capabilities of the participating governments.

The TIP document was developed in conformance with the Long Range Transportation Plan for GIAMPO. A review was undertaken to ensure transportation projects programmed in the TIP were found to be consistent with the Long Range Transportation Plan.

The Long Range Transportation Plan was adopted by GIAMPO on April 26, 2016. The development of the Long Range Transportation Plan included a needs assessment and financial analysis and discussed the social, economic, and environmental impacts to consider when developing new transportation projects, and where environmentally sensitive areas are located in relation to projects identified in the horizon years or 2025 and 2040. The Long Range Transportation Plan was transmitted to NDOT and to FHWA and FTA.

#### Types of Projects included in the TIP

Federal regulations require that any transportation project within the Metropolitan Planning Area that is to be funded with U.S. Department of Transportation funds must be included in the TIP. The types of projects listed below are eligible for federal funding:

- a. Projects on the federal-aid system (road and bridge construction, reconstruction, resurfacing, restoration, rehabilitation, etc.).
- b. Public transportation (vehicle maintenance and operations, capital improvement projects, public transit system construction, etc.).
- c. Projects that are not on the federal-aid system, but may be eligible for federal funding for other reasons (e.g., bridge projects, bicycle and pedestrian facilities, etc.). The projects, however, must be linked to the transportation network.
- d. Regional projects requiring FHWA or FTA action or projects having significant regional impacts.

#### **Project Selection**

GIAMPO's process for including projects in the TIP is the means by which projects move from the current Long Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) into the TIP for implementation. This process entails annual coordination with NDOT and local agencies to identify projects for programming in the TIP. Projects listed in the TIP typically originate in the LRTP developed by the MPO in cooperation with the respective implementing agencies involved in the planning process. Implementing agencies carry out the LRTP's specific elements through the TIP process. As a result, the TIP serves as a strategic management tool to accomplish the objectives of the Long Range Transportation Plan.

Project prioritization is an important element of the TIP, especially since the demand for federal-aid transportation projects usually exceeds the level of federal funds available for use. State highway projects in the TIP have been prioritized by NDOT. Local federal-aid improvement projects programmed by the City of Grand Island, Hall County, Merrick County Village of Alda, and coordinating agencies have been dependent on the availability of competitive funding using the federal Highway Safety Improvement Program, Set Aside from Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (Transportation Alternatives), and FTA funds. Other selected projects are accomplished through a coordinated effort among all parties to advance projects which preserve the existing system, increase safety and efficiency of the transportation system, improve vehicle mobility and connectivity, protect and enhance the environment, and support quality of life. Readiness to proceed and financial capacity is also considered in project selection.

#### **Maintenance and Operation of Current Transportation Systems**

The highest priority in the selection of projects for the TIP is to ensure the adequate reconstruction, maintenance, and operation of the current transportation system. NDOT is programming two (2) projects for highway resurfacing, one (1) project for repairs/overlays to three US-30 bridges, and construction of a 4-lane divided roadway on new alignment for a section of US-30. The City of Grand Island is programming one (1) project programmed for safety and operational improvements at the Broadwell Avenue, State Street, and Eddy Street intersection and one (1) project to widen a section of Old Potash Highway and three (3) projects to widen sections of North Road and a (1) Planning and Environmental on Broadwell Ave./ UPRR.

#### **Public Transportation Project Prioritization Process**

Public transportation projects are funded with a mix of local, state, and federal funds. The public transportation element of the TIP includes projects for the City of Grand Island's Transit Program that collectively constitutes the Program of Projects (POP) for the City of Grand Island's Transit Program. Approval of the TIP includes the approval of the POP for the City of Grand Island's Transit Program. The public involvement procedures used for TIP development and amendments are used to satisfy the POP requirements for FTA Section 5307 (urban) funding.

In 2012, the City of Grand Island became the designated recipient to receive FTA Section 5307 funds. In 2013, the City of Grand Island and Hall County entered into an interlocal agreement for Hall County to continue to provide public transit services using unexpended FTA Section 5311(rural) funds during a transitional period. In April 2016, the City of Grand Island approved an interlocal agreement where the City of Grand Island would provide public transit services within the City of Grand Island and Hall County through a contract with a public transportation services provider up to a three year period. This interlocal agreement was renewed in April 2019 for a term of one year with an automatic renewal thereafter for successive terms of one year each unless either the City of Grand Island or Hall County provides written notice not less than 90 days prior to the termination of the then current term.

In December 2017, GIAMPO completed a Regional Transit Needs and Feasibility Study, and it recommended a preferred alternative for a five year planning horizon within the Grand Island urbanized area. This plan will be used by the City of Grand Island Transit Program to plan and program transit projects in the TIP.

#### **Financial Plan Statement**

The projects identified in the TIP are financially constrained, meaning they can be implemented using current and proposed revenue sources based on the programs contained in the TIP. The expected and anticipated revenue sources are, therefore, reasonably expected to be in place when needed. Revenues for federally funded projects during each year are shown in the Financial Plan on page 14.

#### **Public Involvement Process**

The transportation planning process allows for public involvement at various points within the transportation plan and program development. This involves a series of steps from the adoption of the MPO Long Range Transportation Plan that is coordinated with the programming of projects and again for the actual construction of the transportation facilities. The critical decision points in the transportation planning process are: 1) the development of at least a 20 year transportation plan, 2) the street improvement program which identifies priorities for planned projects, 3) the development of capital improvement programs for a period of four to six years, 4) project design and project construction. The first two steps are included in the long range planning process, the third step consolidates the capital improvement programs of the City of Grand Island, Hall County, Merrick County, Village of Alda, and NDOT with the MPO TIP and the last step is the specific project design and development.

The City of Grand Island, Hall County, Merrick County, and Village of Alda each have an established procedure for adopting improvement programs. Their processes include review by the County Planning Commission for compliance with the Comprehensive Plan and formal advertised public hearings before the Planning Commission and City Council or County Board. The consolidation of these improvement programs is coordinated in the TIP as reviewed by the GIAMPO Technical Advisory Committee before it is released for the public review and comment

period. The public comments are summarized, including how the comments were addressed, and incorporated in the TIP. The GIAMPO Policy Board reviews, approves, and submits the TIP to NDOT for inclusion in the STIP.

#### **Annual Listing of Projects**

Pursuant to the provisions of 23 U.S.C. 134(j)(7)(B) and 49 U.S.C. 5303(c)(5)(B), the MPO has published an annual listing of projects for which federal funds have been obligated in the preceding year. These are listed in the TIP by jurisdiction within each section. The published document is available for public review from the MPO and on the MPO website under the TIP Section.

#### **Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality (CMAQ)**

Federal legislation provides funds to be utilized in the Clean Air Act for non-attainment and maintenance areas for transportation programs and projects that contribute to attainment of National Ambient Air Quality Standards. Since the GIAMPO Metropolitan Planning Area is in compliance with the latest air quality standards, the MPO does not specifically program for CMAQ funding.

#### **National Performance Management Measures**

With the passing of MAP-21 transportation bill, and continuing in the FAST Act, State departments of transportations (State DOT) and MPOs are required to use a performance based planning and programming approach as part of the Transportation Performance Management (TPM) program. TPM is defined as a strategic approach that uses system information to make investment and policy decisions to achieve national performance goals.

As part of TPM, FHWA and FTA issued Final Rules that include National Performance Management Measures at the system level that the State DOTs and MPOs are required to incorporate into their planning processes. The applicable National Performance Management Measures to MPOs include the following:

- **Safety (PM-1).** Highway Safety Improvement Program/Safety Performance Management Measures [23 CFR § 924, 23 CFR § 490]
- Infrastructure (PM-2). Assessing Pavement Condition for the National Highway Performance Program and Bridge Condition for the National Highway Performance Program [23 CFR § 490]
- System Performance (PM-3). Assessing Performance of the National Highway System, Freight Movement on the Interstate System, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program [23 CFR § 490]
- Transit Asset Management (TAM) is established to evaluate the state of good repair of transit provider capital assets for safety and operations [49 CFR § 625, 630].

Each of the above National Performance Management Measures consists of a series of performance measures and corresponding target setting requirements. When State DOTs and/or transit providers have set targets, MPOs must establish performance targets at the regional level within 180 days. MPOs have the option to set its own regional targets, or to support the targets established by State DOTs and/or transit providers.

#### Safety

FHWA published the Highway Safety Improvement Program and Safety Performance Management Measures (PM-1) Final Rules in the Federal Register on March 15, 2016. The Safety Performance Management Measures rule supports the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), as it establishes five safety performance measures to carry out the HSIP and to assess serious injuries and fatalities on all public roads. State DOTs are required to establish safety (HSIP) targets for all five performance measures by August 31 of each year.

GIAMPO has agreed to support the state's annual (CY 2020) safety performance targets set in August 2019. The targets are:

Performance Measure	Target
Number of Fatalities	239
Rate of Fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles	1.14
traveled (VMT)	
Number of Serious Injuries	1,442
Rate of Serious Injuries per 100 million VMT	6.8
Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Non-	133
motorized Serious Injuries	

GIAMPO supports these targets by reviewing and programming HSIP projects within the Metropolitan Planning Area. Working in partnership with local agencies, NDOT safety investments were identified and programmed which will construct effective countermeasures to reduce traffic fatalities and serious injuries. NDOT projects chosen for HSIP investment are based on crash history, roadway characteristics, and the existence of infrastructure countermeasures that can address the types of crashes present.

#### <u>Infrastructure</u>

Assessing Pavement Condition for the National Highway Performance Program and Bridge Condition for the National Highway Performance Program (PM-2) was identified in the FHWA Final Ruling published in the Federal Register on January 18, 2017 (82 FR 5886). This rule establishes six performance measures to assess the condition of pavement and bridges on the National Highway System (NHS) to carry out the National Highway Performance Program. State DOTs are required to establish pavement and bridge condition targets by May 20 every four years.

GIAMPO has agreed to support the state's 4-year performance period (CY 2018-2021) pavement and bridge performance targets set in May 2018. The targets are:

Performance Measure	Target
% of Interstate pavements in Good condition	At least 50%
% of Interstate pavements in Poor condition	No more than 5%
% of non-Interstate NHS pavements in Good condition	At least 40%
% of non-Interstate NHS pavements in Poor Condition	No more than 10%
% of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in Good condition	At least 55%
% of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in Poor condition	No more than 10%

GIAMPO will review and program pavement and bridge projects within the Metropolitan Planning Area to contribute toward the accomplishment of these targets.

#### **System Performance**

Assessing Performance of the National Highway System, Freight Movement on the Interstate System, and Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement Program (PM-3) was identified in the FHWA Final Ruling, published in the Federal Register on January 18, 2017 (82 FR 5970). This rule establishes performance measures to assess the performance of the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS to carry out the National Highway Performance Program, freight movement on the Interstate system to carry out the National Highway Freight Program, and traffic congestion and on-road mobile source emissions for the purpose of carrying out the Congestion Mitigation and Air Quality Improvement (CMAQ) Program. There are two performance measures to assess system performance of the NHS, one performance measure to assess freight movement on the Interstate system, two performance measures to assess traffic congestion under the CMAQ program, and one performance measure to assess total emissions reductions by applicable pollutants under the CMAQ program. State DOTs are required to establish system performance, freight, and CMAQ targets by May 20 every four years.

GIAMPO has agreed to the support the state's 4-year performance period (CY 2018-2021) system performance and freight performance targets set in May 2018 (Nebraska exempt from CMAQ measures this performance period). The targets are:

Performance Measure	Target
% of Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate that	98.6%
are Reliable	
% of Person-Miles Traveled on the non-Interstate	92.6%
NHS that are Reliable	
Freight Reliability	1.10

GIAMPO will review and program system performance and freight projects within the Metropolitan Planning Area to contribute toward the accomplishment of these targets.

#### Transit Asset Management

FTA issued a Final Rule on transit asset management (TAM) plans to evaluate the state of good repair of transit provider capital assets for safety and operations. Recipients of public transit funds—which include states, local authorities, and public transportation operators—are required to establish targets for state of good repair performance measures; to develop transit asset management and transit safety plans; and to report on their progress toward achieving targets. Public transportation operators are directed to share information with MPOs and states so that all plans and performance reports are coordinated.

The Rule, "Transit Asset Management; National Transit Database," went into effect on July 26, 2016 with the TAM plan due for transit by October 1, 2018. Transit target setting repeats annually and plans are updated every four years. The City of Grand Island (transit provider) participates in a group TAM plan, which is sponsored by NDOT. GIAMPO has agreed to establish state of good repair performance targets, which are the same targets established by NDOT and the City of Grand Island. NDOT set its targets on January 1, 2017, and the City of Grand Island set its targets on May 23, 2017. The targets are:

Category	Class	Default *ULB	Performance Target
Rolling Stock	Cutaway bus	10 years	50% of fleet exceeds default ULB
	Minivan	8 years	50% of fleet exceeds default ULB
	Van	8 years	50% of fleet exceeds default ULB

Equipment	Automobile	8 years	75% of fleet exceeds default ULB
Facilities	Admin/Storage	40 years	70% of facilities rated under 3.0
			on TERM scale

GIAMPO supports these targets by reviewing and programing transit projects relating to capital assets within the Metropolitan Planning Area.

#### **Revising an Approved TIP/STIP**

Revisions are changes to a TIP/STIP that occur between their annual publications. There are two types of changes that occur under the umbrella of revision. The first is a major revision or "Amendment". The second is a minor revision or "Administrative Modification".

#### Amendments

An amendment is a revision to a TIP/STIP that involves a major change to a project included in the TIP/STIP. Amendments requires public review and comment and demonstration of fiscal constraint

There are four main components that can be used to determine whether a project change rises to the level of an amendment:

- Project costs: Amendments are required whenever the federal-aid amount changes by 20% or \$2 million, whichever is greater. For computing the % change, standard rounding procedures will be used; 19.50% and greater is considered to be 20% and therefore would require an amendment.
- Additions/Deletions: Projects or phases of projects which are added or deleted from the first four years of the TIP/STIP will be processed as amendments (excluding grouped projects).
- Funding sources: Adding federal funding sources or changing from one federal funding category to another (including converting advanced construction) will require an amendment.
- Scope and termini changes: Substantial changes to project scope shown in the approved STIP or project termini changes greater than 0.25 mile will require an amendment.

#### **Administrative Modifications**

A minor revision to a TIP or STIP is an administrative modification. It includes minor changes to projects, including projects using advanced construction (AC) procedures, already included in the TIP. Administrative modifications may be made at any time and do not require public review or Policy Board action. However, GIAMPO must demonstrate financial constraint. This includes changes such as clarifying project descriptions, reducing project costs, minor adjustments to project budgets or clerical mistakes.

The following components should be used to determine if a change can be processed as an administrative modification:

- Project costs: Projects in which the federal-aid and/or AC amount has been changed by less than 20% or \$2 million, whichever is greater, can be processed with an administrative modification. For purposes of this calculation federal-aid and AC amounts will be combined.
- Additions/Deletions: Projects or phases of projects added to group listings explained earlier will be processed as administrative modifications.
- Schedule changes: Changes in schedules to projects which are included in the first four years of the TIP/STIP will be considered administrative modifications
- Funding sources: Redistribution of federal funding or AC among funding sources already listed with the project can be done with an administrative modification.
- Scope and termini changes: Minor changes to project scope and termini changes of less than 0.25 mi. can be made with an administrative modification. Project termini not consistent with the Long Range Transportation will require an amendment.

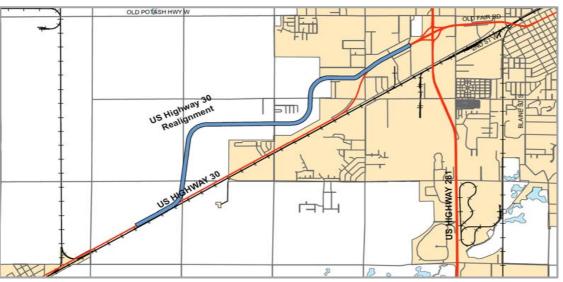
# Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization (GIAMPO) Transportation Improvement Program Fiscal Years 2021-2025 Financial Constraint Projects (\$1,000's)

Federal Highway Administration	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)	\$13,363	\$4,070	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,433
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	\$4,003	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,003
Earmark (EM)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Nebraska Department of Transportation	\$3,513	\$4,120	\$3,863	\$23,054	\$0	\$34,550
City of Grand Island	\$18,681	\$11,514	\$2,308	\$2,190	\$0	\$34,693
	\$39,560	\$19,704	\$6,171	\$25,244	\$0	\$90,679

Federal Transit Administration	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Section 5307	\$2,097	\$599	\$538	\$554	\$0	\$3,788
Section 5311	\$20	\$26	\$22	\$23	\$0	\$91
Section 5339	\$90	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$90
Nebraska Department of Transportation	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$0	\$36
City of Grand Island	\$392	\$385	\$376	\$388	\$0	\$1,541
Hall County	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$9	\$0	\$36
	\$2.617	\$1.028	\$955	\$983	\$0	\$5.583

NOTE: The financial table above illustrates the identified funding for the projects included in the tables for FY 2021-2025.

**Appendix A – Highway Projects** 



#### Description

4 lane divided roadway on new alignment

**HWY:** US-30

Location: US-30 from 1.4 mi west of Grand Island to 0.4

mi west of US-281. Begin RP - 308.84

Length (SLM): 3.7

Project Sponsor: NDOT

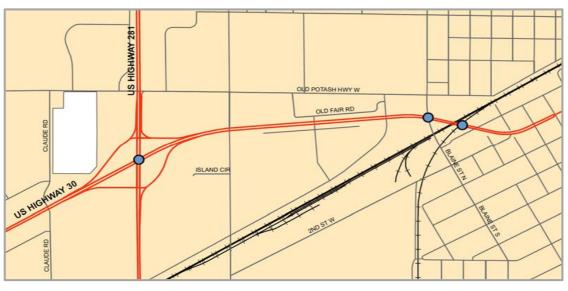
District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

YOE	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2022	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$147
2022	PE	State	NDOT		\$2,204
2023	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$508
2023	ROW	State	NDOT		\$3,863
2024	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$2,190
2024	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$23,054
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$31,966</b>

**Notes:** This project was moved from FY 2022 to FY 2024.

TIP #: 2016-008 State ID: 42776 Project #: NH-30-4(162) Project Name: In Grand Island Bridges



#### Description

3-bridge repair/overlays, sealing, approach slabs, mill, resurface roadway

**HWY:** US-30

**Location:** Three US-30 Bridges in Grand Island (Jct US-30/US-281/N-2 bridge and from Old Lincoln Hwy to

Grant St), RP - 313.66

Length (SLM): 0.4

**Project Sponsor:** NDOT

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	State	NDOT		\$290
2020	ROW	State	NDOT		\$27
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$197
2021	CONST/CE	Federal	NHPP		\$4,007
2021	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$969
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$5,490</b>

Notes: PE in YOE 2019 and ROW in YOE 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

TIP #: 2018-001 State ID: 42787 Project #: NH-2-4(112) Project Name: Cairo - Grand Island



Description

Resurfacing

**HWY:** N-2

Location: N-2 from Cairo southeast to US-281 in Grand

Island, RP - 343.73

**Length (SLM):** 12.5

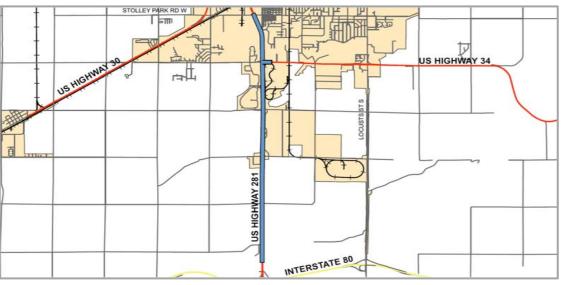
Project Sponsor: NDOT

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	Fund Description		<u>Estimate (\$1,000)</u>
2019	PE	State	NDOT		\$380
2020	ROW	State	NDOT		\$0
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$4,007
2021	CONST/CE	Federal	NHPP		\$9,356
2021	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$1,720
				Total Project Estimate	e <b>\$15,463</b>

Notes: PE in YOE 2019 and ROW in YOE 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.



#### Description

Resurfacing

**HWY:** US-34

**Location:** US-34 from 2.2 mi south of Grand Island north to N Jct US-281 / W Jct N-2, RP - 226.74

Length (SLM): 5.4

Project Sponsor: NDOT

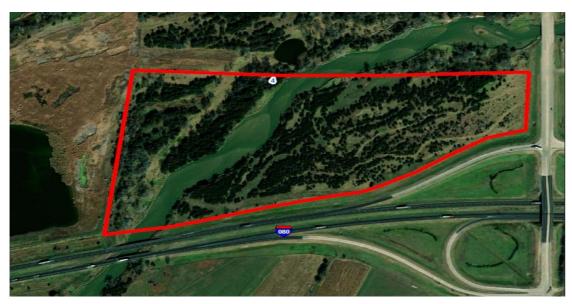
District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>	<u> </u>	Estimate (\$1,000)
2021	PE	State	NDOT		\$418
2022	CONST/CE	Federal	NHPP		\$4,070
2022	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$1,018
				Total Project Estimate	<b>\$5,506</b>

**Notes:** Project is in progress.

TIP #: 2020-002 State ID: 42891 Project #: MISC-40(65) Project Name: District 4 Wetland Bank



#### Description

Survey, design, construct and monitor a wetland mitigation site

HWY:

Location: Adjacent to existing Mormon Island

Mitigation Bank, RP - 0.00

Length (SLM): 0.0

Project Sponsor: NDOT

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	Fund Description	Est	imate (\$1,000 <u>)</u>
2021	PE	State	NDOT		\$230
2022	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$898
				Total Project Estimate	\$1,128

**Notes:** This project is in progress.

TIP #: 2020-003 State ID: 42894 Project #: ELEC-80-6(1047) Project Name: West Grand Island Interchange



#### Description

Build new high mast lighting towers, install buried cable & control boxes

**HWY:** 1-80

Location: I-80 at the Grand Island Interchange, RP -

311.50

Length (SLM): 1.5

Project Sponsor: NDOT

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

YOE	<u>Phase</u>	<b>Fund Type</b>	<b>Fund Description</b>	<u>E</u>	stimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	State	NDOT		\$27
2020	CONST/CE	State	NDOT		\$1,018
				Total Project Estimate	\$1.045

Notes: PE in YOE 2019 and CONST/ CE in YOE 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

TIP #: 2021-008 State ID: 42911 Project #: HSIP-80-7(170) Project Name: Grand Island Area Bridges



#### Description

Add High Friction Surface Treatment to bridges and Horizontal curves on I80

**HWY:** I-80

Location: (13)Bridges on I80 near the Grand Island

Interchange

**Length (SLM):** 4.52

Project Sponsor: NDOT

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	Fund Description	Estimate (\$1,000)
2020	PE	State	NDOT	\$8
2021	Const/0	CE State	NDOT	\$176
2021	Const/0	CE Federal	HSIP	\$1,585
			Total Project Estimate	\$1,770

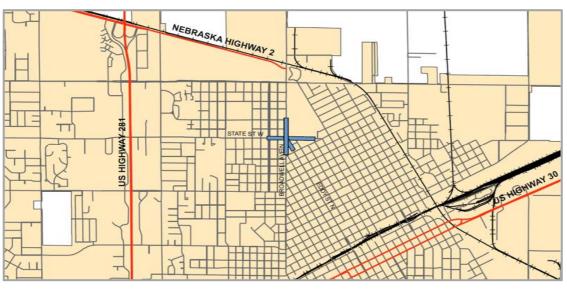
**Notes:** PE in YOE 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

#### **Status of Previous Years for State Agency Sponsored Projects**

Project Sponsor	TIP ID	Project Name	Location	Description	YOE	Phase	Funding Description	Estimate (\$1,000)	Status
NDOT	2016-004	US-281 West, Grand	US-30 from 1.4 mi west of Grand	4 lane divided roadway on new alignment	2022	PE	Grand Island	\$147	Project scheduled for
		Island	Island to 0.4 mi west of US-281.		2022	PE	NDOT	\$2,204	8/24/23 letting FY 2024
			Begin RP - 308.64		2023	ROW	Grand Island	\$508	
					2023	ROW	NDOT	\$3,863	
					2024	CONST/CE	Grand Island	\$2,190	
					2024	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$23,054	
NDOT	2016-008	In Grand Island	Three US-30 Bridges in Grand	3-bridge repair/overlays, sealing, approach	2019	PE	NDOT	\$290	Project has been
		Bridges	Island (Jct US-30/US-281/N-2		2020	ROW	NDOT	\$27	delivered to conltracts
			bridge and from Old Lincoln Hwy to Grant St), RP - 313.66		2021	CONST/CE	Grand Island	\$197	and is currently
					2021	CONST/CE	NHPP	\$4,007	scheduled for a 8/26/21
					2021	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$969	letting
NDOT	2018-001	Cairo - Grand Island	N-2 from Cairo southeast to US-	Resurfacing	2019	PE	NDOT	\$380	Project is scheduled for
			281 in Grand Island, RP - 343.73		2020	ROW	NDOT	\$0	a 8/26/21 letting
					2021	CONST/CE	Grand Island	\$4,007	
					2021	CONST/CE	NHPP	\$9,356	
					2021	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$1,720	
NDOT	2020-001	In Grand Island & South (SB)	US-34 from 2.2 mi south of	Resurfacing	2021	PE	NDOT	\$418	Project currently scheduled for 8/25/22
			Grand Island north to N Jct US-		2022	CONST/CE	NHPP	\$4,070	
			281 / W Jct N-2, RP - 226.74		2022	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$1,018	letting
NDOT	2020-002	District 4 Wetland	Adjacent to existing Mormon	Survey, design, construct and monitor a	2021	PE	NDOT	\$230	Project currently
		Bank	Island Mitigation Bank, RP - 0.00	wetland mitigation site	2022	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$898	scheduled for 08/26/21
									letting. FY 2022
NDOT	2020-003	West Grand Island	I-80 at the Grand Island	Build new high mast lighting towers, install	2019	PE	NDOT	\$27	Project was let.
		Interchange	Interchange, RP - 311.50	buried cable & control boxes	2020	CONST/CE	NDOT	\$1,018	
NDOT	2021-008	Grand Island Area	(13)Bridges on I80 near the	Add High Friction Surface Treatment to	2020	PE	NDOT	\$8	Project currently
		Bridges	` '	bridges and Horizontal curves on I80	2021	Const/CE	NDOT	\$176	scheduled for a 2/25/21
					2021	Const/CE	HSIP	\$1,585	letting

#### Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024

TIP #: 2018-003 State ID: 42863 Project #: HSIP-5409(3) Project Name: 5-Points Intersection Improvements



#### Description

Intersection Improvements (Roundabout)

**HWY:** Broadwell Avenue

Location: Broadwell Avenue, State Street, and

**Eddy Street intersection** 

Length (SLM): 0.4

Project Sponsor: Grand Island

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$80
2019	PE	Federal	HSIP		\$318
2021	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$101
2021	ROW	Federal	HSIP		\$406
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$503
2021	CONST/CE	Federal	HSIP		\$2,012
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$3,420</b>

**Notes:** PE in YOE 2019 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

#### Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024

TIP #: 2020-004 State ID: Project #: Project Name: Old Potash Highway Improvements



#### Description

Widening and Intersection Improvements, including an extension of Claude Road

**HWY:** Old Potash Highway

**Location:** Old Potash Highway from North Road to Webb Road and Claude Road from Old Potash

Highway to Faidley Ave

Length (SLM): 1.8

**Project Sponsor:** Grand Island

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$1,713
2020	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$2,080
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$9,162
2022	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$4,975
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$17,930</b>

**Notes:** PE in YOE 2019 and 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

# **Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024**

TIP #: 2021-004 State ID: Project #: Project Name: Broadwell Ave./ UPRR - Planning & Environmental



#### Description

Broadwell Ave./ UPRR - Planning & Environmental Study.

**HWY:** Broadwell Avenue

Location: Broadwell Ave. - Faidley Ave. to Anna

St.

Length (SLM): 1.0

**Project Sponsor:** Grand Island

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<u>YOE</u>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	Fund Description		<u>Estimate (\$1,000)</u>
2019	Planning	Local	Grand Island		\$88
2020	Planning	Local	Grand Island		\$284
2021	Planning	Local	Grand Island		\$40
				Total Project Estimate	e <b>\$412</b>

**Notes:** Planning in YOE 2019 and 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

#### Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024

TIP #: 2021-005 State ID: Project #: Project Name: North Road Improv. - Highway 2 to Capital Ave



#### Description

Curb and gutter roadway section with associated sidewalk, traffic control, drainage improvements.

HWY: North Road

Location: North - Highway 2 to Capital Ave.

**Length (SLM):** .75

Project Sponsor: Grand Island

District #: 4

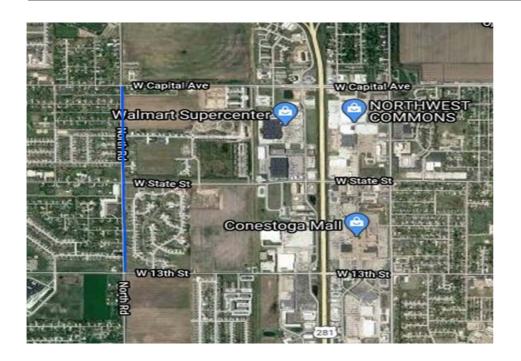
A/Q Status: Exempt

YOE	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$473
2019	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$40
2020	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$288
2020	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$2,835
2021	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$51
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$500
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$4,188</b>

Notes: PE and ROW in YOE 2019 and PE and Construction in YOE 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

## Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024

TIP #: 2021-006 State ID: Project #: Project Name: North Road Improv. - Capital Ave. to 13th St.



#### Description

Curb and gutter roadway section with associated sidewalk, traffic control, drainage improvements.

HWY: North Road

Location: North - Capital Ave. to 13th St.

Length (SLM): 1.0

Project Sponsor: Grand Island

District #: 4

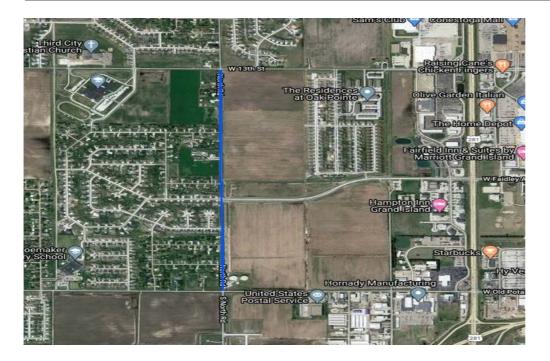
A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$100
2020	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$200
2020	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$80
2021	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$636
2021	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$2,854
2022	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$2,854
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$6,724</b>

**Notes:** YOE 2019 and 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

#### Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for 2020-2024

TIP #: 2021-007 State ID: Project #: Project Name: North Road Improv. - 13th St. to Old Potash HWY



#### Description

Curb and gutter roadway section with associated sidewalk, traffic control, drainage improvements.

HWY: North Road

Location: North - 13th St. to Old Potash HWY

Length (SLM): 1.0

Project Sponsor: Grand Island

District #: 4

A/Q Status: Exempt

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>		Estimate (\$1,000)
2019	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$90
2020	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$100
2021	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$530
2021	ROW	Local	Grand Island		\$100
2022	PE	Local	Grand Island		\$538
2022	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$3,000
2023	CONST/CE	Local	Grand Island		\$1,800
				Total Project Estimat	e <b>\$6,158</b>

**Notes:** YOE 2019 and 2020 is not reflected in Financial Constraint Table. This project is in progress.

#### **Status of Previous Years for Local Agency Sponsored Projects**

Project Sponsor	TIP ID	Project Name	Location	Description	YOE	Phase	Funding Description	Federal (\$1,000)	Status
Grand Island	2016-010	Grand Island - Stolley	From Webb Road to S. Locust	Reconfigure Stolley Park Road to 3, 4, and 5	2017	PE	Grand Island	\$16	Construction
		Park Reconfiguration	Street	lane sections - FHWA Road Diet Initiative	2017	PE	HSIP	\$144	Completed on October
					2018	CONST/CE	Grand Island	\$1,115	2019
					2018	CONST/CE	HSIP	\$124	
Grand Island	2018-003	5-Points Intersection	Broadwell Avenue, State	Intersection Improvements	2019	PE	Grand Island	\$80	Letting was scheduled
		Improvements	Street, and Eddy Street		2019	PE	HSIP	\$318	for September 30, 2021
			intersection		2020	ROW	Grand Island	\$101	
					2020	ROW	HSIP	\$406	
					2021	CONST/CE	Grand Island	\$503	
					2021	CONST/CE	HSIP	\$2,012	

# Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program FY 2021-2025

**Appendix B – Transit Projects** 

# Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for FY 2021-2025 Local Agency Sponsored Projects (Includes the Program of Projects for the City of Grand Transit Program)

TIP #: 2021-001 State ID: N/A Project Name: Operations - Urban Transit Operating Assistance Length (SLM): N/A

Project #: Project Sponsor: Grand Island District #: 4 A/Q Status: Exempt

**HWY:** N/A **Location:** Grand Island Urbanized Area

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	Fund Description	Estimate (\$1,000)	<b>Description:</b> Operating assistance for transit services in
2021	OPR	Federal	5307	\$497	the Grand Island Urbanized Area. Includes
2021	OPR	Local	Grand island	\$374 *	costs associated with operating, bus
2022	OPR	Federal	5307	\$599	support equipment/facilities (i.e.,
2022	OPR	Local	Grand island	\$385 *	rideshare, vehicle equipment), and other
2023	OPR	Federal	5307	\$538	capital items relating to bus activities (i.e.,
2023	OPR	Local	Grand island	\$376 *	preventative maintenance, third-party contracting, federal administration (City
2024	OPR	Federal	5307	\$554	Transit Program Manager), training
2024	OPR	Federal	Grand island	\$388 *	expenses)
			Total Project Estim	ate \$3.711	5p555)

Notes: YOE 2021: FTA 5307 - \$497 (Operating - \$304, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$36, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$157) and Local - \$374 (Operating - \$304, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$9, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$61).

YOE 2022: FTA 5307 - \$599 (Operating - \$313, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$37, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$249) and Local - \$385 (Operating - \$313, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$9, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$62)

YOE 2023: FTA 5307 - \$538 (Operating - \$323, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$38, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$177) and Local - \$376 (Operating - \$323, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$10, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$44)

YOE 2024: FTA 5307 - \$554 (Operating - \$348, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$39, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$167) and Local - \$388 (Operating - \$336, Bus Support Equipment/Facilities - \$10, Other Capital Items (Bus) - \$42)

<sup>\*</sup> This amount is subject to decrease because the City of Grand Island may receive state funds from the Nebraska Public Transportation Assistance Program.

# Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for FY 2021-2025 Local Agency Sponsored Projects (Includes the Program of Projects for the City of Grand Transit Program)

TIP #: 2021-002 State ID: N/A Project Name: Operations - Rural Transit Operating Assistance Length (SLM): N/A

Project #: 2018-005 Project Sponsor: Hall County District #: 4 A/Q Status: Exempt

**HWY:** N/A **Location:** Areas outside of the Grand Island Urbanized Area in Hall County

<b>YOE</b>	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>	Estimate (\$1,000)	<b>Description:</b> Operating assistance for transit services in
2021	OPR	Federal	5311	\$20	areas outside of the Grand Island
2021	OPR	State	NDOT	\$9	Urbanized Area
2021	OPR	Local	Hall County	\$9	
2022	OPR	Federal	5311	\$26	
2022	OPR	State	NDOT	\$9	
2022	OPR	Local	Hall County	\$9	
2023	OPR	Federal	5311	\$22	
2023	OPR	State	NDOT	\$9	
2023	OPR	Local	Hall County	\$9	
2024	OPR	Federal	5311	\$23	
2024	OPR	State	NDOT	\$9	
2024	OPR	Local	Hall County	\$9	
				Total Project Estimate \$164	

Notes:

# Grand Island Area Metropolitan Planning Organization Transportation Improvement Program for FY 2021-2025 Local Agency Sponsored Projects

(Includes the Program of Projects for the City of Grand Transit Program)

TIP #: 2021-003 State ID: N/A Project Name: Transit Facility
Project #: Project Sponsor: Grand Island District #: 4 A/Q Status: Exempt

**HWY:** N/A **Location:** Grand Island Urbanized Area

YOE	<u>Phase</u>	Fund Type	<b>Fund Description</b>	Estimate	(\$1,000)	Description: Facility planning and acquisition of fa
2021	PLANNING	Federal	5307		\$100	for transit operations and vehicle sto
2021	PLANNING	Local	Grand Island		\$0	
2021	DESIGN	Federal	5307		\$0	
2021	DESIGN	Local	Grand Island		\$0	
2021	CAP	Federal	5307		\$1,500	
2021	CAP	Local	Grand Island		\$18	
2021	CAP	Federal	5311		\$0	
2021	CAP	State	5339		\$90	
2021	CAP	Local	Hall County		\$0	
				<b>Total Project Estimate</b>	\$1,708	

Notes:

#### **Status of Previous Years for Local Agency Sponsored Projects**

Project Sponsor	TIP ID	Project Name	Location	Description	YOE	Phase	Funding Description	Federal (\$1,000)	Status
	2021-001	Operations - Urban	Grand Island Urbanized Area	Operating assistance for transit services in	2021	OPR	5307	\$497	Estimate revised for
		Transit Operating		the Grand Island Urbanized Area	2021			\$374	YOE 2021. Estimate
		Assistance			2022		5307	\$599	added for YOE 2022 -
					2022		Grand island	\$385	2024.
					2023		5307	\$538	
					2023	OPR	Grand island	\$376	
					2024	OPR	5307	\$554	
					2024	OPR	Grand island	\$388	
Grand Island	2021-002	Operations - Rural	Areas outside of the Grand	Operating assistance for transit services in	2021	OPR	5311	\$20	Estimate revised for
		Transit Operating	Island Urbanized Area in Hall	areas outside of the Grand Island Urbanized	2021	OPR	NDOT	\$9	YOE 2021. Estimate
		Assistance	County	Area	2021	OPR	Hall County	\$9	added for YOE 2022 -
					2022	OPR	5311	\$26	2024.
					2022	OPR	NDOT	\$9	
					2022	OPR	Hall County	\$9	
					2023	OPR	5311	\$22	
					2023	OPR	NDOT	\$9	
					2023	OPR	Hall County	\$9	
					2024	OPR	5311	\$23	
					2024	OPR	NDOT	\$9	
					2024	OPR	Hall County	\$9	
Grand Island	2021-003	Transit Facility	Grand Island Urbanized Area	Facility planning and acquisition of facility for	2021	PLANNING	5307	\$100	Estimate added for YOE
				transit operations and vehicle storage	2021	PLANNING	Grand Island	\$0	2021
					2021	DESIGN	5307	\$0	
					2021	DESIGN	Grand Island	\$0	
					2021		5307	\$1,500	
					2021	CAP	Grand Island	\$18	
					2021		5311	\$0	
					2021		5339	\$90	
					2021	CAP	Hall County	\$0	

## **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### Item H2

**Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for Safety Performance Measures** 

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

Agenda Item No. H2

October 19, 2020

#### **ISSUE**

VOTE: MPO 2021 Targets for Safety Performance Measures

#### **BACKGROUND**

The current and previous federal transportation bills, FAST Act and MAP-21, respectively, included a series of requirements for Transportation Performance Management (TPM). Since the passage of MAP-21, USDOT has worked through the federal rulemaking process to establish a series of performance measures and corresponding target setting requirements. Generally, the performance measures relate to national goals of safety, infrastructure condition, air quality, and transportation system performance.

Final USDOT rules related to TPM established five (5) performance measures for traffic safety (see attached fact sheet). State DOTs are required to establish safety (HSIP) targets for all five performance measures by August 31 of each year. MPOs have the option of supporting the statewide targets, or establishing their own regional targets within 180 days of the establishment of state targets. Therefore, all Nebraska MPOs must adopt safety targets by February 27 of each year.

GIAMPO adopted the state's 2020 safety performance targets set in August 2019.

GIAMPO staff recommends the support of the Nebraska Department of Transportation (NDOT) 2020 safety performance targets (see attached NDOT Safety Targets) as the most prudent and feasible alternative. The core reasons to not establishing regional targets include the following:

- Regarding midway progress towards the state's 2019 safety targets, each of the five targets was either "met" or was "better than baseline"
- Need to determine the methodology to estimate annual vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for all public roads within the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area from 2015 to 2019, if GIAMPO would establish rate targets
- Need to process the accident data within the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area from 2011 to 2014 to determine the 5-year rolling average for 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 on the five performance measures for comparative purposes and to determine a baseline, if GIAMPO would establish targets

#### POLICY CONSIDERATIONS/DISCUSSION

With supporting the statewide 2021 targets, GIAMPO is agreeing to plan and program projects in a manner that contributes towards the accomplishment of the NDOT safety targets. These targets will ultimately be integrated into the GIAMPO Long Range Transportation Plan and Transportation Improvement Program.

#### **BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS**

None.

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

None.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Approve to support state targets as the MPO 2021 safety performance targets for the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area.

#### **STAFF CONTACTS**

**Andres Gomez** 

NEBRASKA HSIP PERFORMANCE MEASURES -					Baseline	2019	Targ	get Year	2021	
	Projected 2017	Projected	2019	2021	5-Ye	ar Rolling Aver	age	2021	2021 Better	Met or Made
HSIP PERFORMANCE MEASURE	2021 Actual Avg	2017-2021 Rolling Avg.	Yearend Actual Values	Yearend Actual Values	NDOT Target 2016-2021 (A)	Actual 2016-2021 (B)	Baseline 2014-2019 (C)	Target Achieved?	Than Baseline?	Significant Progress?
Number of Fatalities	240.4	243.3	248.0		241.0 *		234.0			
Fatality Rate	1.098	1.138	1.167		1.130 *		1.126			
Number of Serious Injuries	1,302.4	1,408.1	1,400.0		1,408.0		1,476.0			
Serious Injury Rate	5.914	6.502	6.591		6.507		7.102			
Number of Non-motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries	120.6	126.6	129.0		126.6		134.2			

Baseline Year 2019

2017 Through 2021

Target

Calendar Years:

(A) Calendar Year (CY) 2021 Targets are established and reported in the August 31, 2020 HSIP Annual Report.

0.005 added to targets for fatality rate and serious injury rate to offset rounding issues in FHWA calculations.

Nebraska HSO shares 3 targets with HSIP. Nebraska HSO submits number targets rounded to the nearest integer and rate targets rounded to the nearest hundredth. The 3 shared targets have been rounded to match the Nebraska HSO method.

(B) Actual performance is the 5-year rolling average ending in the year for which the targets were established.

(C) Baseline performance is the 5-year rolling average that ends prior to the year in which the targets were established. Baseline performance is calculated in order to compare whether the actual outcome was better than the baseline performance

If a State has not met or made significant progress toward meeting its targets, the State must comply with the provisions set forth in 23 USC 148(i) for the subsequent fiscal year. The State shall:

- 1. Use obligation authority equal to the HSIP apportionment for the year prior to the target year, only for HSIP projects.
- 2. Submit an HSIP Implementation Plan that describes actions the State will take to meet or make significant progress toward meeting its targets. The HSIP Implementation Plan should guide the State's project decisions so that the combined 148(i) provisions lead to the State meeting or making significant progress toward meeting its safety performance targets in subsequent years.

If the State is determined to have not met or made significant progress toward meeting its CY targets, the State will have to use obligation authority equal to the defined HSIP apportionment year only for HSIP projects in the defined implementation year and submit an HSIP Implementation Plan for the same year.

| Assumption | HSIP Apport. | Calendar | Implementation | Year | Ye

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<sup>\*</sup>Selected targets based on a 1% reduction of projected outcome of the current increasing trend.

#### **Number of Fatalities**

Year	State	<b>Hall County</b>	Hall County - MPA	Merrick County - MPA	Total MPA
2012	212	6	3	0	3
2013	211	6	4	0	4
2014	225	5	1	1	2
2015	246	5	3	0	3
2016	218	5	2	0	2
2017	228	11	8	0	8
2018	230	5	3	0	3
2019	248	8	2	0	2

#### **Number of Serious Injuries**

Year	State	Hall County	Hall County - MPA	Merrick County - MPA	Total MPA	
2012	1661	61	49	0	49	
2013	1536	40	31	0	31	
2014	1620	55	38	4	42	
2015	1520	43	33	0	33	
2016	1588	64	50	1	51	
2017	1478	54	40	1	41	
2018	1394	55	45	0	45	
2019	1400	47	35	0	35	

#### **Number of Non-Motorized Fatalities and Serious Injuries**

Year	State	<b>Hall County</b>	Hall County - MPA	Merrick County - MPA	Total MPA
2012	152	4	4	0	4
2013	141	2	2	0	2
2014	137	5	5	0	5
2015	147	3	3	0	3
2016	125	3	2	0	2
2017	143	5	5	0	5
2018	127	3	3	0	3
2019	129	3	3	0	3

# Metropolitan Planning Organization Safety Performance Measures Fact Sheet

#### **Safety Performance Measures**

The Safety Performance Management Measures regulation supports the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP) and requires State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) and Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) to set HSIP targets for 5 safety performance measures. This document highlights the requirements specific to MPOs and provides a comparison of MPO and State DOT responsibilities.

#### How do MPOs establish HSIP targets?

Coordination is the key for all stakeholders in setting HSIP targets. Stakeholders should work together to share data, review strategies and understand outcomes. MPOs must work with the State DOT. MPOs should also coordinate with the State Highway Safety Office, transit operators, local governments, the FHWA Division Office, National Highway Transportation Safety Administration (NHTSA) Regional Office, law enforcement and emergency medical services agencies, and others. By working together, considering and

HSI	HSIP Safety Targets Established by MPOs				
1	Number of fatalities				
2	Rate of fatalities				
3	Number of serious injuries				
4	Rate of serious injuries				
5	Number of non-motorized fatalities and non-motorized serious injuries				

integrating the plans and programs of various safety stakeholders, MPOs will be better able to understand impacts to safety performance to establish appropriate HSIP targets. Coordination should start with the Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP). More information on the SHSP is available at http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/hsip/shsp/.

#### MPOs establish HSIP targets by either:

- agreeing to plan and program projects so that they contribute toward the accomplishment of the State DOT HSIP target or
- 2. committing to a quantifiable HSIP target for the metropolitan planning area.

To provide MPOs with flexibility, MPOs may support all the State HSIP targets, establish their own specific numeric HSIP targets for all of the performance measures, or any combination. MPOs may support the State HSIP target for one or more individual performance measures and establish specific numeric targets for the other performance measures.

### If an MPO agrees to support a State HSIP target, the MPO would ...

- Work with the State and safety stakeholders to address areas of concern for fatalities or serious injuries within the metropolitan planning area
- Coordinate with the State and include the safety performance measures and HSIP targets for all public roads in the metropolitan area in the MTP (Metropolitan Transportation Plan)
- Integrate into the metropolitan transportation planning process, the safety goals, objectives, performance measures and targets described in other State safety transportation plans and processes such as applicable portions of the HSIP, including the SHSP
- Include a description in the TIP (Transportation Improvement Program) of the anticipated effect of the TIP toward achieving HSIP targets in the MTP, linking investment priorities in the TIP to those safety targets

### If an MPO establishes its own HSIP target, the MPO would...

- Establish HSIP targets for all public roads in the metropolitan planning area in coordination with the State
- Estimate vehicles miles traveled (VMT) for all public roads within the metropolitan planning area for rate targets
- Include safety (HSIP) performance measures and HSIP targets in the MTP
- Integrate into the metropolitan transportation planning process, the safety goals, objectives, performance measures and targets described in other State safety transportation plans and processes such as applicable portions of the HSIP, including the SHSP
- Include a description in the TIP of the anticipated effect of the TIP toward achieving HSIP targets in the MTP, linking investment priorities in the TIP to those safety targets



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Highway Administration



http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov

**Volumes for HSIP Rate Targets**: MPOs that establish fatality rate or serious injury rate HSIP targets must report the VMT estimate used for such targets, and the methodology used to develop the estimate, to the State DOT. For more information on volumes for HSIP rate targets, see <a href="http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/processes/tools/technical\_guidance/index.cfm">http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/processes/tools/technical\_guidance/index.cfm</a>.

**Roads addressed by MPO HSIP Targets:** HSIP targets cover all public roadways within the metropolitan planning area boundary regardless of ownership or functional classification, just as State HSIP targets cover all public roads in the State.

#### How do MPOs with multi-State boundaries establish HSIP targets?

MPOs with multi-State boundaries must coordinate with all States involved. If an MPO with multi-State boundaries chooses to support a State HSIP target, it must do so for each State. For example, an MPO that extends into two States would agree to plan and program projects to contribute to two separate sets of HSIP targets (one for each State). If a multi-State MPO decides to establish its own HSIP

target, the MPO would establish the target for the entire metropolitan planning area.

# When do MPOs need to establish these targets?

States establish HSIP targets and report them for the upcoming calendar year in their HSIP annual report that is due August 31 each year. MPOs must establish HSIP targets within 180 days of the State establishing and reporting its HSIP targets. Since FHWA deems the HSIP reports submitted on August 31, MPOs must establish HSIP targets no later than February 27 of each year.

To	Top 5 Things to Know about MPO HSIP Safety Performance Targets					
✓	All MPOs must set a target for each of the 5 HSIP Safety Performance Measures					
✓	MPOs may adopt and support the State's HSIP targets, develop their own HSIP targets, or use a combination of both					
✓	MPOs must establish their HSIP targets by February 27 of the calendar year for which they apply					
✓	MPO HSIP targets are reported to the State DOT					
✓	MPO HSIP targets are not annually assessed for significant progress toward meeting targets; State HSIP targets are assessed annually					

#### Where do MPOs report targets?

While States report their HSIP targets to FHWA in their annual HSIP report, MPOs do not report their HSIP targets directly to FHWA. Rather, the State(s) and MPO mutually agree on the manner in which the MPO reports the targets to its respective DOT(s). MPOs must include baseline safety performance, HSIP targets and progress toward achieving HSIP targets in the system performance report in the MTP.

Whether an MPO agrees to support a State HSIP target or establishes its own HSIP target the MPO would include in the MTP a systems performance report evaluating the condition and performance of the transportation system with respect to the safety performance targets described in the MTP including progress achieved by the MPO in achieving safety performance targets

#### **Assessment of Significant Progress**

While FHWA will determine whether a State DOT has met or made significant progress toward meeting HSIP targets, it will not directly assess MPO progress toward meeting HSIP targets. However, FHWA will review MPO performance as part of ongoing transportation planning process reviews including the Transportation Management Area certification review and the Federal Planning Finding associated with the approval of the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program.



U.S. Department of Transportation

Federal Highway Administration



FHWA-SA-16-084

### **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### Item H3

**Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures** 

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

Agenda Item No. H3

October 19, 2020

#### **ISSUE**

VOTE: MPO Targets for NHS Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures

#### **BACKGROUND**

The current and previous federal transportation bills, FAST Act and MAP-21, respectively, included a series of requirements for Transportation Performance Management (TPM). Since the passage of MAP-21, USDOT has worked through the federal rulemaking process to establish a series of performance measures and corresponding target setting requirements. Generally, the performance measures relate to national goals of safety, infrastructure condition, air quality, and transportation system performance.

Final USDOT rules related to TPM established performance measures to assess the condition of pavements and bridges on the National Highway System (NHS). There are four performance measures for pavement condition and two performance measures for bridge condition (see attached TPM fact sheets). State DOTs were required to establish performance targets for these measures by May 20, 2018. MPOs have the option of supporting the statewide targets, or establishing their own regional targets within 180 days of the establishment of state targets. Therefore, all Nebraska MPOs must adopt targets for NHS Pavement and Bridge Condition performance measures by November 17, 2018. After two years there will be a mid-point review, at which point the targets could be adjusted for NDOT and MPOs based on collected data. State DOTs will establish targets every four years.

GIAMPO staff recommends the support of the NDOT NHS Pavement and Bridge Condition performance targets (see attached NDOT's Statewide Performance Measure Targets (PM2)) as the most prudent alternative. The transportation performance management state biennial performance report for performance period 2018-2021 is included. The core reasons for not establishing regional targets include the following:

- The Interstate and Non-Interstate NHS routes in the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area are State NHS routes.
- Statewide, 80.3% of pavements of the Interstate System are in Good condition.
- Statewide, 0.01% of pavements of the Interstate System are in Poor condition.
- Statewide, 58.1% of pavements of the Non-Interstate System are in Good condition.
- Statewide, 2.1% of pavements of the Non-Interstate System are in Poor condition.
- State is the owner of the NHS bridges in the GIAMPO region.
- Statewide, 56.5% of NHS bridges are classified as Good condition.
- Statewide, 1.9% of NHS bridges are classified as Poor condition.

#### POLICY CONSIDERATIONS/DISCUSSION

With supporting the statewide targets, GIAMPO is agreeing to plan and program projects in a manner that contributes towards the accomplishment of the NDOT NHS Pavement and Bridge Condition performance targets. These targets will ultimately be integrated into the GIAMPO Long Range Transportation Plan and Transportation Improvement Program.

#### **BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS**

None.

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

None.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Approve to support state targets as the MPO NHS Pavement and Bridge Condition performance targets for the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area.

#### **STAFF CONTACT**

**Andres Gomez** 

### **PAVEMENT**

#### PERFORMANCE MEASURES



### Final Rulemaking

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) published in the *Federal Register* (82 FR 5886) a <u>final rule</u> establishing performance measures for State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) to use in managing pavement and bridge performance on the National Highway System (NHS). The National Performance Management Measures; Assessing Pavement Condition for the National Highway Performance Program and Bridge Condition for the National Highway Performance Program Final Rule addresses requirements established by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act (MAP-21) and reflects passage of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act. The rule is effective **May 20, 2017**.

#### **Performance Measures**

- ✓ % of Interstate pavements in Good condition
- √ % of Interstate pavements in Poor condition
- √ % of non-Interstate NHS pavements in Good condition
- √ % of non-Interstate NHS pavements in Poor condition

#### **About Condition**

- Good condition: Suggests no major investment is needed.
- Poor condition: Suggests major reconstruction investment is needed.

#### **Penalty Provisions**

If FHWA determines the State DOT's Interstate pavement condition falls below the minimum level for the most recent year, the State DOT must obligate a portion of National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) and transfer a portion of Surface Transportation Program (STP) funds to address Interstate pavement condition.

# U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

# Target Setting State DOTs:

- Must establish targets, regardless of ownership, for the full extent of the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS.
- Must establish statewide 2- and 4-year targets for the non-Interstate NHS and 4-year targets for the Interstate by May 20, 2018, and report by October 1, 2018.
- May adjust targets at the Mid Performance Period Progress Report (October 1, 2020).

# Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs):

 Support the relevant State DOT(s) 4year target or establish their own by 180 days after the State DOT(s) target is established.

### **PAVEMENT**





	Key Dates
May 20, 2017	Final rule effective date.
January 1, 2018	1st 4-year performance period begins.
May 20, 2018	State DOT targets must be established.
January 1, 2018	State DOTs collect data for Interstate pavements that conform to the final rule (IRI, Rutting, Cracking %, Faulting, and Inventory).
Within 180 days of relevant State DOT(s) target establishment	MPOs must commit to support state target or establish separate quantifiable target.
October 1, 2018	Baseline Performance Period Report for 1 <sup>st</sup> Performance Period due. State DOTs report 4-year targets for Interstate and 2-year and 4-year targets for non-Interstate NHS; etc.
April 15, 2019, and each April 15 thereafter	State DOTs submit first Interstate data that conform to the final rule.
January 1, 2020	State DOTs collect data for non-Interstate NHS pavements that conform to the final rules.
October 1, 2020	Mid Performance Period Progress Report for the 1st Performance Period due. State DOTs report 2-year condition/performance; progress toward achieving 2-year targets; etc.
June 15, 2021, and each June 15 thereafter	State DOTs submit non-Interstate NHS data that conform to the final rule.
December 31, 2021	1st 4-year performance period ends.
October 1, 2022	Full Performance Period Progress Report for 1 <sup>st</sup> Performance Period due. State DOTs reports 4-year condition/performance; progress toward achieving 4-year targets, etc.  Baseline Performance Period Report for 2 <sup>nd</sup> Performance Period due. State DOTs report 2-year and 4-year targets for Interstate and non-Interstate NHS; baseline condition; etc.



Visit <u>www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/</u> to learn about training, guidance, and other implementation-related information.

### **BRIDGE**

#### PERFORMANCE MEASURES



#### **Final Rulemaking**

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) published in the *Federal* Register (82 FR5886) a <u>final rule</u> establishing performance measures for State Departments of Transportation (DOTs) to use in managing pavement and bridge performance on the National Highway System (NHS). The National Performance Management Measures; Assessing Pavement Condition for the National Highway Performance Program and Bridge Condition for the National Highway Performance Program Final Rule addresses requirements established by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act (MAP-21) and reflects passage of the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act. The rule is effective **May 20, 2017**.

#### **Performance Measures**

- √ % of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in Good condition
- √ % of NHS bridges by deck area classified as in Poor condition

## Condition-Based Performance Measures

- Measures are based on deck area.
- The classification is based on National Bridge Inventory (NBI) condition ratings for item 58 - Deck, 59 - Superstructure, 60 - Substructure, and 62 - Culvert.
- Condition is determined by the lowest rating of deck, superstructure, substructure, or culvert. If the lowest rating is greater than or equal to 7, the bridge is classified as good; if is less than or equal to 4, the classification is poor. (Bridges rated below 7 but above 4 will be classified as fair; there is no related performance measure.)
- Deck area is computed using NBI item
   49 Structure Length, and 52 Deck
   Width or 32 Approach Roadway Width (for some culverts).

## Target Setting State DOTs:

- Must establish targets for all bridges carrying the NHS, which includes on- and off-ramps connected to the NHS within a State, and bridges carrying the NHS that cross a State border, regardless of ownership.
- Must establish statewide 2- and 4year targets by May 20, 2018, and report targets by October 1, 2018, in the Baseline Performance Period Report.
- May adjust 4-year targets at the Mid Performance Period Progress Report (October 1, 2020).

## Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs):

Support the relevant State DOT(s)
 4-year target or establish their own
 by 180 days after the State DOT(s)
 target is established.



### BRIDGE

#### PERFORMANCE MEASURES



	Key Dates
May 20, 2017	Final rule effective date.
January 1, 2018	1st 4- year performance period begins.
May 20, 2018	Initial 2- and 4-year targets established.
October 1, 2018	Baseline Performance Period Report for the 1 <sup>st</sup> Performance Period due. State DOTs report 2-year and 4-year targets; etc.
Within 180 days of relevant State DOT(s) target establishment	MPOs must commit to support State target or establish separate quantifiable target.
October 1, 2020	Mid Performance Period Progress Report for the 1 <sup>st</sup> Performance Period due. State DOTs report 2-year condition/performance; progress toward achieving 2-year targets; etc.
December 31, 2021	1st 4-year performance period ends.
October 1, 2022	Full Performance Period Progress Report for 1 <sup>st</sup> performance period due. State DOTs report 4-year condition/ performance; progress toward achieving 4-year targets; etc. Baseline report due for 2 <sup>nd</sup> performance period due. State DOTs report 2- and 4-year targets; baseline condition, etc.

### **Other Specifics**

- State DOT targets should be determined from asset management analyses and
  procedures and reflect investment strategies that work toward achieving a state of good
  repair over the life cycle of assets at minimum practicable cost. State DOTs may
  establish additional measures and targets that reflect asset management objectives.
- The rule applies to bridges carrying the NHS, including bridges on on- and off-ramps connected to the NHS.
- If for 3 consecutive years more than 10.0% of a State DOT's NHS bridges' total deck area is classified as Structurally Deficient, the State DOT must obligate and set aside National Highway Performance Program (NHPP) funds for eligible projects on bridges on the NHS.
- Deck area of all border bridges counts toward both States DOTs' totals.

Visit <u>www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/</u> to learn about training, guidance, and other implementation-related information.



#### **NDOT's Statewide Performance Measure Targets (PM2)**

The Nebraska Department of Transportation (NDOT) recommends the following pavement and bridge condition targets for the state. Pavement and bridge condition performance measures are defined in accordance with the final USDOT rule on Pavement and Bridge Condition Performance Measures, authorized by 23 CFR Part 490.

- At least 50% of pavements of the Interstate System in Good condition.
- No more than 5% of pavements of the Interstate System in Poor condition.
- At least 40% of the Non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS) in Good condition.
- No more than 10% of the Non-Interstate National Highway System in Poor condition.
- No more than 10% of the total deck area of bridges in the state on the National Highway System is located on bridges that have been classified as structurally deficient.
- At least 95% of bridges on the State system and NHS in Good or Fair condition.

This document is exempt under discovery or admission under 23 USC § 409. Data provided by Nebraska Department of Transportation. Information relating to the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area (MPA) was determined by GIAMPO staff.

### **Transportation Performance Management**

# State Biennial Performance Report for Performance Period 2018-2021

### 2020

# MID PERFORMANCE PERIOD (MPP) PROGRESS REPORT

### Nebraska

Report Due: 10/1/2020 Report Status: Submitted Report Updated On: Report Exported on 9/28/2020

This document is exported from the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) web-based Performance Management Form (PMF) of the Policy Information Data Portal (PIDP).

The web-based PMF is the State's official report to FHWA.

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#### **State Contact:**

Name : Korey Donahoo Phone number : 4024794619

**Email** : korey.donahoo@nebraska.gov

### **Summary of Performance Measures and Targets**

Performance Measures	Baseline	2-Year Condition/ Performance	2-Year Target	4-Year Target	4-Year Adjustment
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Good Condition		80.3%		50.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Poor Condition		0.1%		5.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition	63.4%	63.0%			
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition (Full Distress + IRI)		58.1%	40.0%	40.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition	11.5%	12.2%			
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition (Full Distress + IRI)		2.1%	10.0%	10.0%	
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Good Condition	61.0%	56.5%	55.0%	55.0%	
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Poor Condition	1.9%	1.9%	10.0%	10.0%	
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate That Are Reliable	98.9%	97.5%	98.9%	98.9%	94.0%
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Non-Interstate NHS That Are Reliable		91.3%		92.6%	88.0%
Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	1.10	1.15	1.10	1.10	1.25
Total Emission Reductions: PM2.5					
Total Emission Reductions: NOx					
Total Emission Reductions: VOC					
Total Emission Reductions: PM10					
Total Emission Reductions: CO					

### **Overview**

#### **OVERVIEW SECTION 1**

<b>Question No</b>	Description	Field Type
01	Please provide a discussion on the effectiveness of the investment strategies developed and documented in the State asset management plan for the National Highway System (NHS) required under [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(C)].	NDOT's investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation have been very effective in not only meeting but exceeding performance measure targets as well as maintaining the NHS system in a state of good repair as seen below.
02	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of your submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition/performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

#### **OVERVIEW SECTION 2**

Question No	Description	Field Type
О3	Who should FHWA contact with questions?	Korey Donahoo
04	What is the phone number for this contact?  Please provide 10-digit number (area code and phone number) without formatting. (e.g., 1234567890)	4024794619
O5	What is the email address for this contact?	korey.donahoo@nebraska.gov

#### **Pavement**

#### **Pavement Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
P1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

#### Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Interstate System in Good Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
P2	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year condition value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	80.3
P3	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	50.0
P4	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P4a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  The adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(2)]	
P4b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Interstate System in Poor Condition

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Question No	Description	Field Type
P5	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year condition value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	0.1
P6	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	5.0
P7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P7a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(3)]	
P7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

## Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good Condition.

Question No	Description	Field Type
P8	The baseline statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]	63.4
P9	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	63.0

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P10	For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]  If the State DOT reported its 2-year target for the statewide	58.1
	percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition based on "Full Distress + IRI" data in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, FHWA has calculated an actual condition level using "Full Distress + IRI" data. [23 CFR 490.313 (c) and (d)]	
	When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data, FHWA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(2)(ii)]	
P11	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	40.0
P12	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved and exceeded. The initial target was set based on historical condition data and projected funding. The target was initially set somewhat conservatively due to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking is measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking data is limited to two years. As additional data is obtained to establish a reliable trend, the target will be reevaluated. In addition, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts
	provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P17).  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target	of historic flooding in 2019, reduced revenues resulting from the Covid 19 Epidemic, and significant construction inflation pricing. Projected funding levels are expected to result in a decrease in system performance. Given limited data and financial uncertainty, NDOT chose to keep
P13	established based on "Full distress + IRI" (P20).  The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	the same target. 40.0
P14	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No

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P14a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(4)]	
P14b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
P15	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved and exceeded. NDOT will continue to employ the investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation in accordance with the approved Transportation Asset Management Plan to meet performance targets, maintain the system in a state of good repair, and make the most of scarce taxpayer dollars.
P16	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
P16a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
P16b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor Condition.

Question No	Description	Field Type
P17	The baseline statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	11.5
	For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value	

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	using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed	
P18	is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]  The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]	12.2
P19	If the State DOT reported its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition based on "Full Distress + IRI" data in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, FHWA has calculated an actual condition level using "Full Distress + IRI" data. [23 CFR 490.313 (c) and (d)]  When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data, FHWA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(2)(ii)]	2.1
P20	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
P21	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P17).  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target established based on "Full distress + IRI" (P20).	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved. The initial target was set based on historical condition data and projected funding. The target was initially set somewhat conservatively due to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking is measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking data is limited to two years. As additional data is obtained to establish a reliable trend, the target will be reevaluated. In addition, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts of historic flooding in 2019, reduced revenues resulting from the Covid 19 Epidemic, and significant construction inflation pricing. Projected funding levels are expected to result in a decrease in system performance. Given limited data and financial uncertainty, NDOT chose to keep the same target.
P22	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0

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P23	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P23a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR	
P23b	490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(5)]  Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
P24	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved. NDOT will continue to employ the investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation in accordance with the approved Transportation Asset Management Plan to meet performance targets, maintain the system in a state of good repair, and make the most of scarce taxpayer dollars.
P25	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
P25a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
P25b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

## Bridge

#### **Bridge Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
B1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	Targets for bridge conditions have been met. No change to performance targets is proposed for the next review period.

#### Statewide Performance Target for Bridges on the NHS Classified as in Good Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
B2	The baseline statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	61.0
В3	The 2-year statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	56.5
В4	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	55.0
B5	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition achieved (based on data contained within the National Bridge Inventory as of June 15, 2020, and made available by FHWA) with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	Combined State and Local system NHS bridges are currently at 57.0% Good condition. It is anticipated that some large bridges could impact this measure if deck transitions from 7 to 6 in the next inspection cycle.
B6	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	55.0
B7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No

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В7а	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.409(c)(1)]	
B7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
B8	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	The scheduled bridge construction program has been delivered as anticipated with an emphasis on strategies that slow deterioration and minimize future costs.
В9	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
В9а	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
B9b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Statewide Performance Target for Bridges on the NHS Classified as in Poor Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
B10	The baseline statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period	1.9
	Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data	
	collected through the beginning date of the performance	

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	paried [22 CED 400 107/h\/4\/ii\/D\]	
B11	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  The 2-year statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	1.9
	This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	
B12	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
B13	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	Performance Targets for percent Poor on the NHS have been met.
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition achieved (based on data contained within the National Bridge Inventory as of June 15, 2020, and made available by FHWA) with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
B14	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
B15	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
B15a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
	This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.409(c)(2)]	
B15b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
B16	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder	The scheduled bridge construction program has been delivered as

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	of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	anticipated with an emphasis on strategies that slow deterioration and minimize future costs.
B17	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
B17a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
B17b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

## Reliability

#### **Travel Time Reliability Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
R1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

## Statewide Performance Target for the Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate That Are Reliable

Question No	Description	Field Type
R2	The baseline statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance	98.9
R3	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)] The 2-year statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	97.5
R4	The 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	98.9
R5	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	Nebraska's 2-year performance was 97.5 compared to a target of 98.9. The target of 98.9 was based on performance in 2017 alone, as a trendline had not yet been established when the target was set. The 2 year performance of 97.5 shows strong reliability while not achieving the target. The nominal difference can be explained by traffic congestion variability, variable weather impacts, etc. Nebraska has managed to maintain its strong reliability rate through existing high levels of performance and scheduled roadway improvements.
R6	The 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person- miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	98.9

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R7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	Yes
R7a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.513(b)]	94.0
R7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	Nebraska's adjustment to 94.0 is based on trend analysis of performance in 2017-2019. The 2017 performance was 98.9 and was utilized to set the baseline since NDOT had no previous reliability data from which to draw a trend. The 2018 performance was also 98.9 before dropping to 97.4 in 2019. This drop suggests a slight negative trend in performance, though existing high levels of performance and planned improvements as part of NDOT's ongoing project selection process will enable NDOT to maintain strong performance levels. A projection of 94.0 is consistent with this trendline while still setting a goal of strong reliability.
R8	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT continues to include reliability performance in its design and project selection processes and is exploring options for investing in intermodal sites, which could result in reduced freight congestion.
R9	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
R9a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
R9b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide	

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percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

## Statewide Performance Target for the Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Non-Interstate NHS That Are Reliable

Question No	Description	Field Type
R10	The 2-year statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable.  This value is the actual 2-year performance derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year performance value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	91.3
R11	The 4-year target for the statewide percent of the personmiles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	92.6
R12	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	Yes
R12a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of the Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.513(c)]	88.0
R12b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	Nebraska's adjustment to 88.0 is based on trend analysis of performance in 2017-2019. The 2017 performance was 92.6, 2018 was 92.2, and 2019 was 91.3. This trend suggests a slight decline in performance, though existing high levels of performance and planned improvements as part of asset management and capital improvement projects will enable NDOT to maintain strong performance levels. A projection of 88.0 is consistent with this trendline while still setting a goal of strong reliability.

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## **Freight**

#### Freight Reliability (Movement) Performance Overview

Question No	Description	Field Type
F1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	
F2	Please discuss progress of the State DOT's efforts in addressing congestion at truck freight bottlenecks within the State (described in § 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(E)) through comprehensive freight improvement efforts of State Freight Plan or MPO freight plans; the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program and Transportation Improvement Program; regional or corridor level efforts; other related planning efforts; and operational and capital activities targeted to improve freight movement on the Interstate System.  If the State has prepared a State Freight Plan under 49 U.S.C. 70202, within the previous 2 years, then it may serve as the basis for addressing congestion at truck freight bottlenecks. If the State Freight Plan has not been updated since the previous State Biennial Performance Report, then an updated analysis of congestion at truck freight bottlenecks must be completed. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(D)]  Please upload related document(s) in the "Attachment" tab.	In 2017, the NDOT finalized its first state freight plan. At that time, certain aspects of the freight plan highlighted the opportunity to mitigate freight bottlenecks and limit truck congestion on the state highway system. In addition, the mitigation of bottlenecks was identified by freight stakeholders as a priority for NDOT and its freight project evaluation criteria. Subsequently, the NDOT identified and reported a variety of bottlenecks to the FHWA reporting portal in 2018, based on 1 years' worth of data. Subsequently, the NDOT utilized the data from 2017 to identify a variety of bottlenecks which were provided via attachment to the FHWA reporting portal in 2018.  Beyond this, bottlenecks were one of many "needs and opportunities" identified and prioritized through the planning process. Other opportunities included, "Support Freight Related Development", "Prepare for Future Growth", and "Preserve the Highway Condition", to name a few. Based on these things, the State Freight Plan's associated Freight Investment Plan was developed to address these high priority opportunities. This investment plan includes projects along I-80, which is a prominent freight corridor in Nebraska and is listed as part of the National Freight Network. These projects are large reconstruction projects that maintain the existing asset and ensure continued freight flows across the country.  Since the reach of the freight investment plan was limited to I-80, since the reach of the freight investment plan was limited to I-80,

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the NDOT routinely assesses whether bottlenecks exist by reviewing travel times and truck travel reliability performance data. These reviews include a high-level review of the State (as a whole) and its MPOs. For example, the state's largest MPO, which encompasses the Omaha metropolitan area, had a TTTR of 1.37 in 2019. As a state, TTTR was 1.15 in 2019. In either case, the TTTR performance was still well below 1.5, which is considered to be the national threshold for reliable truck travel.

With this in mind, the NDOT has revised its definition of a bottleneck to reflect the national threshold. This change is based on a comparison of Nebraska's reliability to performance in other states. As a result, this has caused the NDOT to conclude there are no bottlenecks in the state. Despite this, the NDOT will continue to monitor performance data for bottlenecks. In addition, this definition of bottlenecks will be revisited with stakeholders as part of the 2022 update of the Nebraska State Freight Plan and full Biennial Performance Report.

## **Peak Hour Excess Delay (PHED)**

#### Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita Performance Overview

Question No	Description	Field Type
D1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	
D2	The total number of applicable UZA(s) required to establish targets and report progress for the Traffic Congestion Measures in your State are:	

Question No	Description	Field Type
E11	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the	
	performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  This value is carried over from the 2018 Baseline	
E40	Performance Period Report.	
E12	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E13	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E14	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E15	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E16	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	

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E16a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5. The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR	
E16b	490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]  Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions NOx Target #2

Question No	Description	Field Type
E17	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of NOx.	,
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E18	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of NOx. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E19	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E20	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the	

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	midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E21	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E22	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E22a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E22b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions VOC Target #3

Question No	Description	Field Type
E23	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E24	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of VOC. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]  The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.  The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).  The data must be reported to the nearest one	

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	thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]  FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different	
	value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E25	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E26	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E27	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E28	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E28a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
	This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E28b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and [23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions PM10 Target #4

Question No	Description	Field Type
E29	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	

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	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E30	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM10. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E31	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E32	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E33	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E34	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10?[23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E34a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

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	This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E34b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### **Statewide Total Emission Reductions CO Target #5**

Question No	Description	Field Type
E35	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of CO.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E36	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of CO. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E37	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E38	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	

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	(total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E39	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E40	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E40a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E40b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

## **Attachments**

S.No	Section	Attachment Detail
		Filename: Notes: Attachment Url:

There are no attachments.

## **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

#### Item H4

Approval Recommendation of MPO Targets for NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability Performance Measures

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

Agenda Item No. H4

October 19, 2020

#### **ISSUE**

VOTE: MPO Targets for NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability Performance Measures

#### **BACKGROUND**

The current and previous federal transportation bills, FAST Act and MAP-21, respectively, included a series of requirements for Transportation Performance Management (TPM). Since the passage of MAP-21, USDOT has worked through the federal rulemaking process to establish a series of performance measures and corresponding target setting requirements. Generally, the performance measures relate to national goals of safety, infrastructure condition, air quality, and transportation system performance.

Final USDOT rules related to TPM established performance measures for system performance and freight (PM3), which are two performance measures for NHS Travel Time Reliability and one performance measure for Freight Reliability (see attached TPM fact sheet). State DOTs were required to establish performance targets for these measures by May 20, 2018. MPOs have the option of supporting the statewide targets, or establishing their own regional targets within 180 days of the establishment of state targets. Therefore, all Nebraska MPOs must adopt targets for NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability performance measures by November 17, 2018. After two years there will be a mid-point review, at which point the targets could be adjusted for NDOT and MPOs based on collected data. State DOTs will establish targets every four years.

GIAMPO staff recommends the support of the NDOT NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability performance targets (see attached Mid Performance Period Progress Report) as the most prudent alternative. The core reasons to not establishing regional targets include the following:

- GIAMPO region outperforms the State on all performance measures.
- The Interstate and Non-Interstate NHS routes in the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area are State NHS routes.

#### **Nebraska PM3 Performance Measures and Target Setting**

The Nebraska DOT completed their mid- performance period progress report on October 1, 2020. NDOT adjusted the targets based on data collection. The original and adjusted targets are in the table below.

Performance Measures	Baseline	2-Year Target	Original 4- Year Target	Updated 4- Year Target	% Change
% of Reliable Person Miles Traveled on Interstate	98.6	98.6	98.6	94.0	(-) 4.6
% of Reliable Person Miles Traveled on Non- Interstate			92.6	88.0	(-) 4.6
Truck Travel Time Reliability	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.25	(+) .15

#### POLICY CONSIDERATIONS/DISCUSSION

With supporting the statewide targets, GIAMPO is agreeing to plan and program projects in a manner that contributes towards the accomplishment of the NDOT NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability performance targets. These targets will ultimately be integrated into the GIAMPO Long Range Transportation Plan and Transportation Improvement Program.

#### **BUDGET CONSIDERATIONS**

None.

#### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

None.

#### **RECOMMENDATION**

Approve to support state targets as the MPO NHS Travel Time Reliability and Freight Reliability performance targets for the GIAMPO metropolitan planning area.

#### **STAFF CONTACTS**

**Andres Gomez** 

# TRANSPORTATION PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT



The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) has finalized six interrelated performance rulemakings to implement the TPM framework established by the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Act (MAP-21) and the Fixing America's Surface Transportation (FAST) Act.

Collectively, the rules address challenges facing the U.S. transportation system, including:

- improving safety
- maintaining infrastructure condition
- reducing traffic congestion
- improving efficiency of the system and freight movement
- protecting the environment and
- reducing delays in project delivery.

The rules establish national performance measures; State Departments of Transportation (DOTs)





U.S.Department of Transportation

Federal Highway Administration



and metropolitan planning organizations (MPOs) will establish targets for applicable measures. New and existing plans will document the strategies and investments used to achieve the targets; progress toward the targets will be reported through new and existing mechanisms.

Learn more at the FHWA TPM web site:

(http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/tpm/

## **NHS Travel Time Reliability Measures**



**WHAT:** Measurement of travel time reliability on the Interstate and non-Interstate National Highway System (NHS). Read the final rule in the <u>Federal</u> <u>Register</u> [82 FR 5970 (January 18, 2017)].

WHO: State DOTs, as well as MPOs with Interstate and/or non-Interstate NHS within their metropolitan planning area.

WHY: Through MAP-21, Congress required FHWA to establish measures to assess performance in 12 areas, including performance on the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS. [See 23 CFR 490.507(a)]

WHEN: Implementation differs for the Interstate and non-Interstate NHS measures for the first performance period. State DOTs must establish 2- and 4-year targets for the Interstate, but only a 4-year target for the non-Interstate NHS, by May 20, 2018. Those targets will be reported in the State's baseline performance period report due by October 1, 2018. The State DOTs have the option to adjust 4-year targets in their mid performance period progress report, due October 1, 2020. For the first performance period only, there is no requirement for States to report baseline condition/performance or 2-year targets for the non-Interstate NHS before the mid performance period progress report. This will allow State DOTs to consider more complete data. The process will align for both Interstate and non-Interstate measures with the beginning of the second performance period on January 1, 2022.

MPOs must either support the State target or establish their own quantifiable 4-year targets within 180 days of the State target establishment.

**HOW:** Level of Travel Time Reliability (LOTTR) is defined as the ratio of the longer travel times (80<sup>th</sup> percentile) to a "normal" travel time (50<sup>th</sup> percentile), using data from FHWA's National Performance Management Research Data Set (NPMRDS) or equivalent. Data are collected in 15-minute segments during all time periods between 6 a.m. and 8 p.m. local time. The measures are the percent of person-miles traveled on the relevant portion of the NHS that are reliable. Person-miles take into account the users of the NHS. Data to reflect the users can include bus, auto, and truck occupancy levels.

Note: The FHWA is preparing guidance on how all rules should be implemented.



U.S.Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

### Freight Reliability Measure



**WHAT:** Measurement of travel time reliability on the Interstate System (Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index). Read the final rule in the <u>Federal</u> Register [82 FR 5970 (January 18, 2017)].

WHO: State DOTs and MPOs.

WHY: Through MAP-21, Congress required FHWA to establish measures to assess performance in 12 areas, including freight movement on the Interstate. The measure considers factors that are unique to this industry, such as the use of the system during all hours of the day and the need to consider more extreme impacts to the system in planning for on-time arrivals. [23 CFR 490.607]

WHEN: State DOTs must establish 2- and 4-year targets by May 20, 2018. Those targets will be reported in the State's baseline performance period report due by October 1, 2018. The State DOTs have the option to adjust 4-year targets in their mid performance period progress report, due October 1, 2020.

MPOs must either support the State target or establish their own quantifiable 4-year targets within 180 days of the State target establishment.

**HOW:** Freight movement will be assessed by the TTTR Index. Reporting is divided into five periods: morning peak (6-10 a.m.), midday (10 a.m.-4 p.m.) and afternoon peak (4-8 p.m.) Mondays through Fridays; weekends (6 a.m.-8 p.m.); and overnights for all days (8 p.m.-6 a.m.). The TTTR ratio will be generated by dividing the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile time by the normal time (50<sup>th</sup> percentile) for each segment. The TTTR Index will be generated by multiplying each segment's largest ratio of the five periods by its length, then dividing the sum of all length-weighted segments by the total length of Interstate.

State DOTs and MPOs will have the data they need in FHWA's National Performance Management Research Data Set (NPMRDS) as data set includes truck travel times for the full Interstate System. State DOTs and MPOs may use an equivalent data set if they prefer.

Note: The FHWA is preparing guidance on how all rules should be implemented.



## **Transportation Performance Management**

# State Biennial Performance Report for Performance Period 2018-2021

## 2020

# MID PERFORMANCE PERIOD (MPP) PROGRESS REPORT

## Nebraska

Report Due: 10/1/2020 Report Status: Submitted Report Updated On: Report Exported on 9/28/2020

This document is exported from the Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) web-based Performance Management Form (PMF) of the Policy Information Data Portal (PIDP).

The web-based PMF is the State's official report to FHWA.

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#### **State Contact:**

Name : Korey Donahoo Phone number : 4024794619

**Email** : korey.donahoo@nebraska.gov

## **Summary of Performance Measures and Targets**

Performance Measures	Baseline	2-Year Condition/ Performance	2-Year Target	4-Year Target	4-Year Adjustment
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Good Condition		80.3%		50.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Interstate System in Poor Condition		0.1%		5.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition	63.4%	63.0%			
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Good Condition (Full Distress + IRI)		58.1%	40.0%	40.0%	
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition	11.5%	12.2%			
Percentage of Pavements of the Non- Interstate NHS in Poor Condition (Full Distress + IRI)		2.1%	10.0%	10.0%	
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Good Condition	61.0%	56.5%	55.0%	55.0%	
Percentage of NHS Bridges Classified as in Poor Condition	1.9%	1.9%	10.0%	10.0%	
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate That Are Reliable	98.9%	97.5%	98.9%	98.9%	94.0%
Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Non-Interstate NHS That Are Reliable		91.3%		92.6%	88.0%
Truck Travel Time Reliability (TTTR) Index	1.10	1.15	1.10	1.10	1.25
Total Emission Reductions: PM2.5					
Total Emission Reductions: NOx					
Total Emission Reductions: VOC					
Total Emission Reductions: PM10					
Total Emission Reductions: CO					

### **Overview**

#### **OVERVIEW SECTION 1**

<b>Question No</b>	Description	Field Type
01	Please provide a discussion on the effectiveness of the investment strategies developed and documented in the State asset management plan for the National Highway System (NHS) required under [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(C)].	NDOT's investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation have been very effective in not only meeting but exceeding performance measure targets as well as maintaining the NHS system in a state of good repair as seen below.
02	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of your submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition/performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

#### **OVERVIEW SECTION 2**

<b>Question No</b>	Description	Field Type
О3	Who should FHWA contact with questions?	Korey Donahoo
04	What is the phone number for this contact?  Please provide 10-digit number (area code and phone number) without formatting. (e.g., 1234567890)	4024794619
O5	What is the email address for this contact?	korey.donahoo@nebraska.gov

#### **Pavement**

#### **Pavement Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
P1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

#### Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Interstate System in Good Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
P2	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year condition value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	80.3
P3	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	50.0
P4	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P4a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  The adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(2)]	
P4b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Interstate System in Poor Condition

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Question No	Description	Field Type
P5	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year condition value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	0.1
P6	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	5.0
P7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P7a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(3)]	
P7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Interstate System in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

## Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good Condition.

Question No	Description	Field Type
P8	The baseline statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]	63.4
P9	The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	63.0

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percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition based on "Full Distress + IRI" data. (23 CFR 490.373 (c) and (d)]  When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data. (23 CFR 490.373 (c) and (d)]  When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data. (F1WA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. (23 CFR 490.107(b)(9)(2)(iii)  P11 The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018-Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(iii)(A)]  P12 Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [28 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition or acculated with IRI only (P18), and (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will be resulted to the didtion, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts of the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value			
percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition based on "Full Distress + IR" data in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, FHWA has calculated an actual condition level using "Full Distress + IRI" data. [23 CFR 490.313 (c) and (d)]  When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data. [74 May will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(27(ii))]  The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the mildpoint of the performance Period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(ii)(ii))  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using 'Full Distress + IRI' will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(ii))  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P19) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P19) is ONLY comparable to the state both as a same matrics and can be compared to each other.  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target to the same target.  P13 The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHs in Good condition for the 2018 Baseline Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)		using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]	
Distress + IRI' data, FHWA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(2)(ii)]  The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018- Baseline Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]  Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B))  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P17).  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P20).  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P20).  -The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(iii)(A)]	P10	percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition based on "Full Distress + IRI" data in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, FHWA has calculated an actual condition level using "Full Distress + IRI"	58.1
on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 GFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]  Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 GFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target using IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target using IRI and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 GFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B)]  1 The 4-year larget time the baseline value (ptr), actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 GFR 490.107(b)(2)(iii)(B))  1 The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target in a decrease in system performance. Given limited data and financial uncertainty, NDOT chose to keep the same target.  P13 The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018-2021 Performance Period Report. [23 GFR 490.107(b)(1)(iii)(A)]		Distress + IRI" data, FHWA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant	
achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P17).  The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P20).  The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion of the actual condition data and projected funding. The target was intitlally set somewhat conservatively due to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking in measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking data is limited to establish a reliable trend, the target will be revaluated. In addition, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts of historical cracking of the target was not to exceeded. The initial target was set based on historical condition data and projected funding. The target was initially set somewhat conservatively use to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking in measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking observed was initially set somewhat conservatively use to limited the same target was intially set somewhat conservatively use to limited to establish and projected funding. The target w	P11	on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR	40.0
decrease in system performance.  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target established based on "Full distress + IRI" (P20).  The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018  Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]  Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate	P12	achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only	distress + IRI was achieved and exceeded. The initial target was set based on historical condition data and projected funding. The target was initially set somewhat conservatively due to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking is measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking data is limited to two years. As additional data is obtained to establish a reliable trend, the target will be reevaluated. In addition, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts of historic flooding in 2019, reduced revenues resulting from the Covid 19 Epidemic, and significant construction inflation pricing. Projected funding levels
on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]  P14  Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate		-The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target established based on "Full distress + IRI" (P20).	decrease in system performance. Given limited data and financial uncertainty, NDOT chose to keep
statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate	P13	on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR	40.0
	P14	statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate	No

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P14a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(4)]	
P14b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
P15	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved and exceeded. NDOT will continue to employ the investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation in accordance with the approved Transportation Asset Management Plan to meet performance targets, maintain the system in a state of good repair, and make the most of scarce taxpayer dollars.
P16	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
P16a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
P16b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Good condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Statewide Performance Target for the Percentage of Pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor Condition.

Question No	Description	Field Type
P17	The baseline statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	11.5
	For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value	

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	using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed	
P18	is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]  The 2-year statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the first performance period, FHWA calculated this value using IRI only (or PSR values for road sections where speed is less than 40 mph). [23 CFR 490.313(e)]	12.2
P19	If the State DOT reported its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition based on "Full Distress + IRI" data in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, FHWA has calculated an actual condition level using "Full Distress + IRI" data. [23 CFR 490.313 (c) and (d)]  When a State DOT reported the 2-year target based on "Full Distress + IRI" data, FHWA will use this value to determine whether the actual condition level is equal to or better than the established 2-year target as part of the 2-year significant progress determination. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(2)(ii)]	2.1
P20	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
P21	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  For State DOTs that established a 2-year target using IRI only, the baseline value (P17), actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18), and the 2-year target (P20) all use the same metrics and can be compared to each other.  State DOTs that established a 2-year target using "Full Distress + IRI" will see an actual condition value in both P18 and P19. These values must be used correctly in order to provide a meaningful discussion of progress. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]  -The actual condition calculated with IRI only (P18) is ONLY comparable to the baseline value calculated with IRI only (P17).  -The actual condition calculated with "Full Distress + IRI" (P19) is ONLY comparable to the State DOT's 2-year target established based on "Full distress + IRI" (P20).	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved. The initial target was set based on historical condition data and projected funding. The target was initially set somewhat conservatively due to limited data. Due to a change in how cracking is measured (previously a cracking index vs. wheel path cracking) historical cracking data is limited to two years. As additional data is obtained to establish a reliable trend, the target will be reevaluated. In addition, NDOT is currently experiencing unusual financial instability due to impacts of historic flooding in 2019, reduced revenues resulting from the Covid 19 Epidemic, and significant construction inflation pricing. Projected funding levels are expected to result in a decrease in system performance. Given limited data and financial uncertainty, NDOT chose to keep the same target.
P22	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0

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P23	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
P23a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR	
P23b	490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.313(f)(5)] Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
P24	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT's 2-year target using full distress + IRI was achieved. NDOT will continue to employ the investment strategies emphasizing pavement preservation in accordance with the approved Transportation Asset Management Plan to meet performance targets, maintain the system in a state of good repair, and make the most of scarce taxpayer dollars.
P25	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
P25a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
P25b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of pavements on the Non-Interstate NHS in Poor condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Bridge

#### **Bridge Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
B1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current condition, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	Targets for bridge conditions have been met. No change to performance targets is proposed for the next review period.

#### Statewide Performance Target for Bridges on the NHS Classified as in Good Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
B2	The baseline statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance	61.0
_	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
В3	The 2-year statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance	56.5
	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	
B4	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	55.0
B5	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition achieved (based on data contained within the National Bridge Inventory as of June 15, 2020, and made available by FHWA) with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	Combined State and Local system NHS bridges are currently at 57.0% Good condition. It is anticipated that some large bridges could impact this measure if deck transitions from 7 to 6 in the next inspection cycle.
B6	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	55.0
В7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No

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В7а	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition.  The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.409(c)(1)]	
B7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
B8	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	The scheduled bridge construction program has been delivered as anticipated with an emphasis on strategies that slow deterioration and minimize future costs.
B9	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
В9а	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
B9b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Good condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Statewide Performance Target for Bridges on the NHS Classified as in Poor Condition

Question No	Description	Field Type
B10	The baseline statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period	1.9
	Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data	
	collected through the beginning date of the performance	

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	paried [22 CED 400 107/h\/4\/ii\/D\]	
B11	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  The 2-year statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	1.9
	This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	
B12	The 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
B13	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	Performance Targets for percent Poor on the NHS have been met.
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year condition achieved (based on data contained within the National Bridge Inventory as of June 15, 2020, and made available by FHWA) with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
B14	The 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	10.0
B15	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	No
B15a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
	This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.409(c)(2)]	
B15b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
B16	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder	The scheduled bridge construction program has been delivered as

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	of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	anticipated with an emphasis on strategies that slow deterioration and minimize future costs.
B17	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition for the 2018-2021 Performance Period? [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
B17a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
B17b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percentage of deck area of bridges on the NHS classified as in Poor condition and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

#### Reliability

#### **Travel Time Reliability Performance Overview**

Question No	Description	Field Type
R1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	

### Statewide Performance Target for the Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Interstate That Are Reliable

Question No	Description	Field Type
R2	The baseline statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report, and is the condition derived from the latest data collected through the beginning date of the performance	98.9
R3	period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)] The 2-year statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  This value is the actual 2-year condition derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]	97.5
R4	The 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	98.9
R5	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	Nebraska's 2-year performance was 97.5 compared to a target of 98.9. The target of 98.9 was based on performance in 2017 alone, as a trendline had not yet been established when the target was set. The 2 year performance of 97.5 shows strong reliability while not achieving the target. The nominal difference can be explained by traffic congestion variability, variable weather impacts, etc. Nebraska has managed to maintain its strong reliability rate through existing high levels of performance and scheduled roadway improvements.
R6	The 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person- miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018- 2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	98.9

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R7	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	Yes
R7a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable.  The adjusted target should reflect expected condition by the end of Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.513(b)]	94.0
R7b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	Nebraska's adjustment to 94.0 is based on trend analysis of performance in 2017-2019. The 2017 performance was 98.9 and was utilized to set the baseline since NDOT had no previous reliability data from which to draw a trend. The 2018 performance was also 98.9 before dropping to 97.4 in 2019. This drop suggests a slight negative trend in performance, though existing high levels of performance and planned improvements as part of NDOT's ongoing project selection process will enable NDOT to maintain strong performance levels. A projection of 94.0 is consistent with this trendline while still setting a goal of strong reliability.
R8	Please provide a summary of prior accomplishments and planned activities that will be conducted during the remainder of the performance period to make significant progress toward achievement of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(F)]	NDOT continues to include reliability performance in its design and project selection processes and is exploring options for investing in intermodal sites, which could result in reduced freight congestion.
R9	Are there any extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	No
R9a	Please select the extenuating circumstance(s) that apply. [23 CFR 490.109(e)(5)]	
R9b	Please explain the extenuating circumstance(s) beyond the State DOT's control that prevented it from making significant progress toward achieving its 2-year target for the statewide	

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percent of the person-miles traveled on the Interstate that are reliable and quantify the impacts that resulted from these circumstances. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(G)]	

### Statewide Performance Target for the Percent of the Person-Miles Traveled on the Non-Interstate NHS That Are Reliable

Question No	Description	Field Type
R10	The 2-year statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable.  This value is the actual 2-year performance derived from the latest data collected through the midpoint of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A)]  For the 2018-2021 Performance Period, this 2-year performance value will be used as the baseline value for this measure per the phase-in of new requirements for this measure. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(7)(iii)]	91.3
R11	The 4-year target for the statewide percent of the personmiles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A)]	92.6
R12	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	Yes
R12a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of the Calendar Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to the nearest tenth of a percent. For example, enter 86.5% as 86.5 [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.513(c)]	88.0
R12b	Please provide the basis for adjustment of the 4-year target for the statewide percent of the person-miles traveled on the non-Interstate NHS that are reliable and describe how the adjusted target supports expectations documented in longer range plans, such as the State asset management plan and the long-range statewide transportation plan. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	Nebraska's adjustment to 88.0 is based on trend analysis of performance in 2017-2019. The 2017 performance was 92.6, 2018 was 92.2, and 2019 was 91.3. This trend suggests a slight decline in performance, though existing high levels of performance and planned improvements as part of asset management and capital improvement projects will enable NDOT to maintain strong performance levels. A projection of 88.0 is consistent with this trendline while still setting a goal of strong reliability.

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#### **Freight**

#### Freight Reliability (Movement) Performance Overview

Question No	Description	Field Type
F1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	
F2	Please discuss progress of the State DOT's efforts in addressing congestion at truck freight bottlenecks within the State (described in § 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(E)) through comprehensive freight improvement efforts of State Freight Plan or MPO freight plans; the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program and Transportation Improvement Program; regional or corridor level efforts; other related planning efforts; and operational and capital activities targeted to improve freight movement on the Interstate System.  If the State has prepared a State Freight Plan under 49 U.S.C. 70202, within the previous 2 years, then it may serve as the basis for addressing congestion at truck freight bottlenecks. If the State Freight Plan has not been updated since the previous State Biennial Performance Report, then an updated analysis of congestion at truck freight bottlenecks must be completed. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(D)]  Please upload related document(s) in the "Attachment" tab.	In 2017, the NDOT finalized its first state freight plan. At that time, certain aspects of the freight plan highlighted the opportunity to mitigate freight bottlenecks and limit truck congestion on the state highway system. In addition, the mitigation of bottlenecks was identified by freight stakeholders as a priority for NDOT and its freight project evaluation criteria. Subsequently, the NDOT identified and reported a variety of bottlenecks to the FHWA reporting portal in 2018, based on 1 years' worth of data. Subsequently, the NDOT utilized the data from 2017 to identify a variety of bottlenecks which were provided via attachment to the FHWA reporting portal in 2018.  Beyond this, bottlenecks were one of many "needs and opportunities" identified and prioritized through the planning process. Other opportunities included, "Support Freight Related Development", "Prepare for Future Growth", and "Preserve the Highway Condition", to name a few. Based on these things, the State Freight Plan's associated Freight Investment Plan was developed to address these high priority opportunities. This investment plan includes projects along I-80, which is a prominent freight corridor in Nebraska and is listed as part of the National Freight Network. These projects are large reconstruction projects that maintain the existing asset and ensure continued freight flows across the country.  Since the reach of the freight investment plan was limited to I-80,

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the NDOT routinely assesses whether bottlenecks exist by reviewing travel times and truck travel reliability performance data. These reviews include a high-level review of the State (as a whole) and its MPOs. For example, the state's largest MPO, which encompasses the Omaha metropolitan area, had a TTTR of 1.37 in 2019. As a state, TTTR was 1.15 in 2019. In either case, the TTTR performance was still well below 1.5, which is considered to be the national threshold for reliable truck travel.

With this in mind, the NDOT has revised its definition of a bottleneck to reflect the national threshold. This change is based on a comparison of Nebraska's reliability to performance in other states. As a result, this has caused the NDOT to conclude there are no bottlenecks in the state. Despite this, the NDOT will continue to monitor performance data for bottlenecks. In addition, this definition of bottlenecks will be revisited with stakeholders as part of the 2022 update of the Nebraska State Freight Plan and full Biennial Performance Report.

#### **Peak Hour Excess Delay (PHED)**

#### Annual Hours of Peak Hour Excessive Delay (PHED) Per Capita Performance Overview

<b>Question No</b>	Description	Field Type
D1	Please use this space to provide any general comments that may assist FHWA in its review of this part of the submission. You can use this space to provide greater context for your targets and current performance, provide additional background detail or clarification, note any assumptions, or discuss complications. This text may be shared verbatim online. (Optional)	
D2	The total number of applicable UZA(s) required to establish targets and report progress for the Traffic Congestion Measures in your State are:	

Question No	Description	Field Type
E11	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the	
	performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]  This value is carried over from the 2018 Baseline	
E40	Performance Period Report.	
E12	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E13	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E14	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E15	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E16	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	

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E16a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5. The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E16b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM2.5 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions NOx Target #2

Question No	Description	Field Type
E17	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of NOx.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the	
	performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E18	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of NOx. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E19	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E20	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx. At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the	

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	midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E21	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E22	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E22a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E22b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of NOx established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions VOC Target #3

Question No	Description	Field Type
E23	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E24	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of VOC. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]  The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.  The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).  The data must be reported to the nearest one	

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	thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]  FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ	
	Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E25	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E26	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E27	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E28	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E28a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	
	This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E28b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of VOC established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and [23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### Statewide Total Emission Reductions PM10 Target #4

<b>Question No</b>	Description	Field Type
E29	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	

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	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E30	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of PM10. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E31	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E32	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	
E33	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E34	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10?[23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E34a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10.	
	The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]	

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	This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E34b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of PM10 established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### **Statewide Total Emission Reductions CO Target #5**

Question No	Description	Field Type
E35	The baseline emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of CO.	
	This value is from the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report and is the performance derived from the latest data collected through the cumulative statewide estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) for the previous 4 Federal Fiscal Years before the start of the performance period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(B)]	
E36	Please provide the current estimated emissions reductions (total daily kilograms) of CO. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(iii)(B)]	
	The current data for the performance period must include the cumulative reductions in emissions (total daily kilograms) over the Federal Fiscal Years 2018 and 2019.	
	The data needed to calculate the measure shall come from the CMAQ Public Access System. [23 CFR 490.809(a) and 23 CFR 490(b)(2).	
	The data must be reported to the nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
	FHWA provided the prepopulated data from the CMAQ Public Access System. If the DOT feels that a different value is appropriate due to an error, please contact the FHWA Division Office in your State.	
E37	The 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E38	Please provide a discussion of the progress made toward achieving the 2-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO.	
	At a minimum, this discussion should address overall progress as of the midpoint of the performance period, and shall include a comparison of the actual 2-year performance with the 2-year target and any reasons for differences in the actual and target values. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(B)]	

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	(total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E39	The 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period that was reported in the 2018 Baseline Performance Period Report. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(1)(ii)(A) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)]	
E40	Does the State DOT wish to adjust the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO? [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6)]	
E40a	Please provide the adjusted 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO.  The adjusted target should reflect expected performance by the end of Federal Fiscal Year 2021. This adjustment is only permitted in the MPP Progress Report. [23 CFR 490.105(e)(6) and 23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E)]  This adjusted target must be reported to nearest one thousandths. For example, enter 86.512. [23 CFR 490.101 (Target definition) and 23 CFR 490.811(b)]	
E40b	Please provide the basis for adjustments of the 4-year target for cumulative emissions reduction (total daily kilograms) of CO established for the 2018-2021 Performance Period. [23 CFR 490.107(b)(2)(ii)(E) and 23 CFR 490.107(c)(3)(ii)(B)].	

#### **Attachments**

S.No	Section	Attachment Detail
		Filename: Notes: Attachment Url:

There are no attachments.

### **Technical Advisory Committee**

Monday, October 19, 2020 Regular Session

Item H5

**Long Range Transportation Plan Project Priorities** 

Staff Contact: Andres Gomez, MPO Program Manager

### LRTP Update GIAMPO TAC October 19, 2020





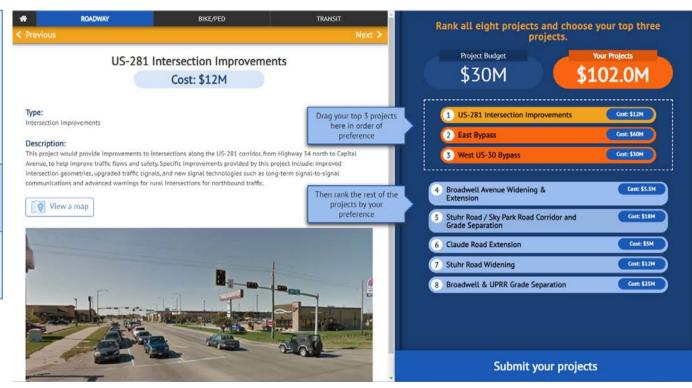
## Agenda

- Public Priorities Exercise Results
- Working Draft of Plan Projects
- Next Steps



### Online Project Prioritization Exercise

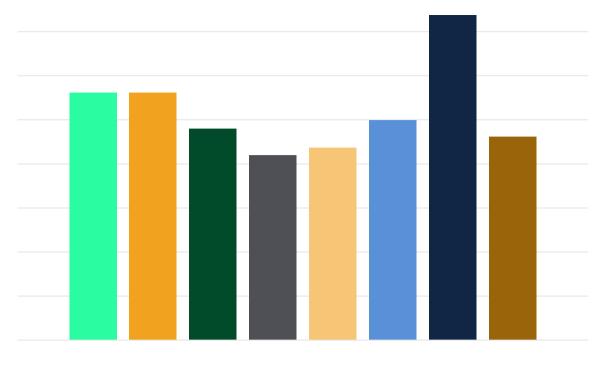
Exercise Objective	Get feedback from public on their top roadway, bicycle & pedestrian, and transit projects. Provide public education on transportation funding.	
Exercise Dates	September 14 – 30, 2020	
Exercise Responses	669	





# Public Roadway Ranking

- 1. US-281 Intersection Improvements
- Tied:
  - \* Broadwell & UPRR Grade Separation
  - \* Broadwell Avenue Widening & Extension
- Stuhr Road Widening
- Claude Road Extension
- 5. West US-30 Bypass
- 6. Stuhr Road / Sky Park Road Corridor & Grade Separation
- East Bypass

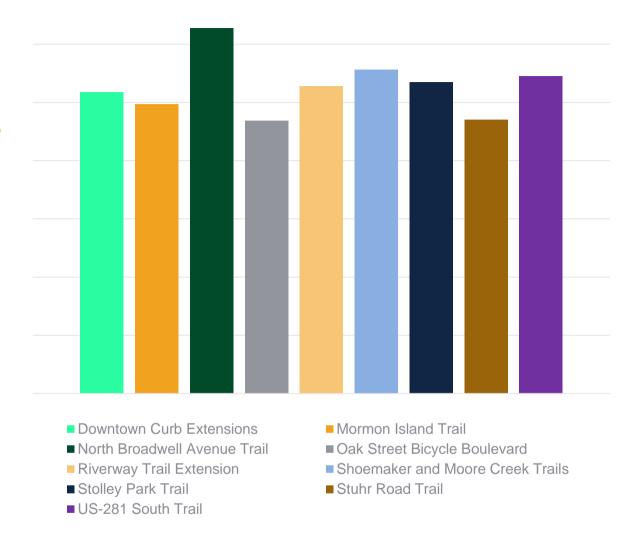


- Broadwell & UPRR Grade Separation
- Broadwell Avenue Widening & Extension
- Claude Road Extension
- East Bypass
- Stuhr Road / Sky Park Road Corridor & Grade Separation
- Stuhr Road Widening
- US-281 Intersection Improvements
- West US-30 Bypass



# Public Bike and Pedestrian Ranking

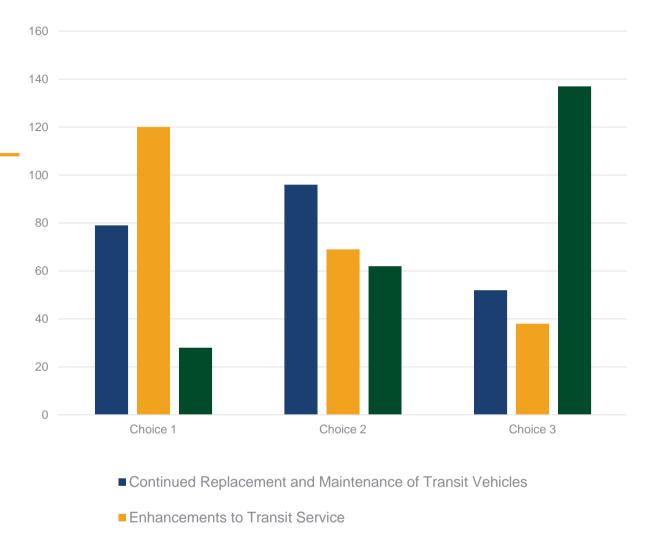
- North Broadwell Avenue Trail
- 2. Shoemaker and Moore Creek Trails
- 3. US-281 South Trail
- 4. Stolley Park Trail
- Riverway Trail Extension
- 6. Downtown Curb Extensions
- Mormon Island Trail
- 8. Stuhr Road Trail
- Oak Street Bicycle Boulevard





## Public Transit Ranking

- Enhancements to Transit Service
- 2. Vehicle Replacement and Maintenance
- 3. New Transit Operations Building



■ New Transit Operations Building



## Draft Plan Project List

- Is "Fiscally-Constrained"
  - Based on what we can reasonably afford through 2045
- Draft Projects Selected Through:
  - Goals and Objectives
  - Identified System Needs
  - Public Input
  - Costs / Revenue





# Performance-Based Plan: Project Prioritization





# Goals and Objectives

Goal Area	<b>Objectives</b>
	<ul> <li>Reduce the incidence and rate of crashes</li> </ul>
System Safety	<ul> <li>Reduce severe injury and fatal crashes</li> </ul>
Gystem edicty	<ul> <li>Reduce bicycle and pedestrian crashes</li> </ul>
	Maintain safety on transit vehicles
_	<ul> <li>Provide improved connections to key destinations across the community</li> </ul>
Multi-modal Connectivity	<ul> <li>Reduce regional freight impediments</li> </ul>
and Accessibility	<ul> <li>Increase the connectivity of the bicycle and pedestrian system</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Continue to provide quality public transit services</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify transportation strategies that support economic development projects</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify transportation strategies that provide enhanced access to jobs for</li> </ul>
S.	low income residents
Economic Vitality	<ul> <li>Provide active transportation options that promote the health and well-</li> </ul>
	being of residents
	<ul> <li>Provide access to tourist destinations</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify how transportation can support affordable housing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Promote freight connectivity and access</li> </ul>



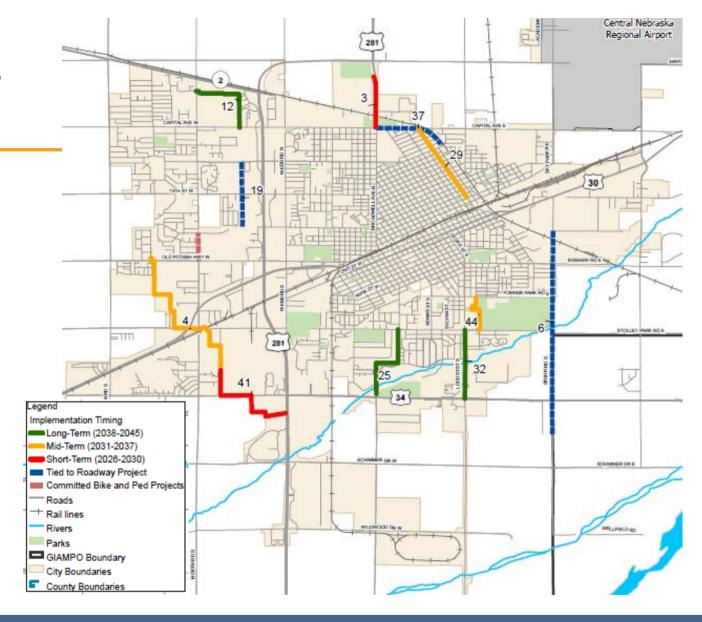
# Goals and Objectives

	Goal Area	Objectives
6	System Preservation	<ul> <li>Identify sufficient financial resources to maintain all Federal-Aid streets and bridges in fair or good condition</li> </ul>
	Environment and System Resiliency	<ul> <li>Promotes energy conservation, especially for non-renewable energy sources</li> <li>Transportation projects should limit impacts to the natural and build environment</li> <li>Invest in alternative and renewable fuel infrastructure when practical</li> <li>Identify strategies to make transportation infrastructure more resilient to natural and manmade events</li> </ul>
<b>₽</b>	Traffic Operations and System Reliability	<ul> <li>Limit the emergence of recurring congestion</li> <li>Improve travel reliability on arterial roadways</li> <li>Support high-levels of freight reliability on the state highway system</li> <li>Promote development outside of flood prone areas</li> </ul>



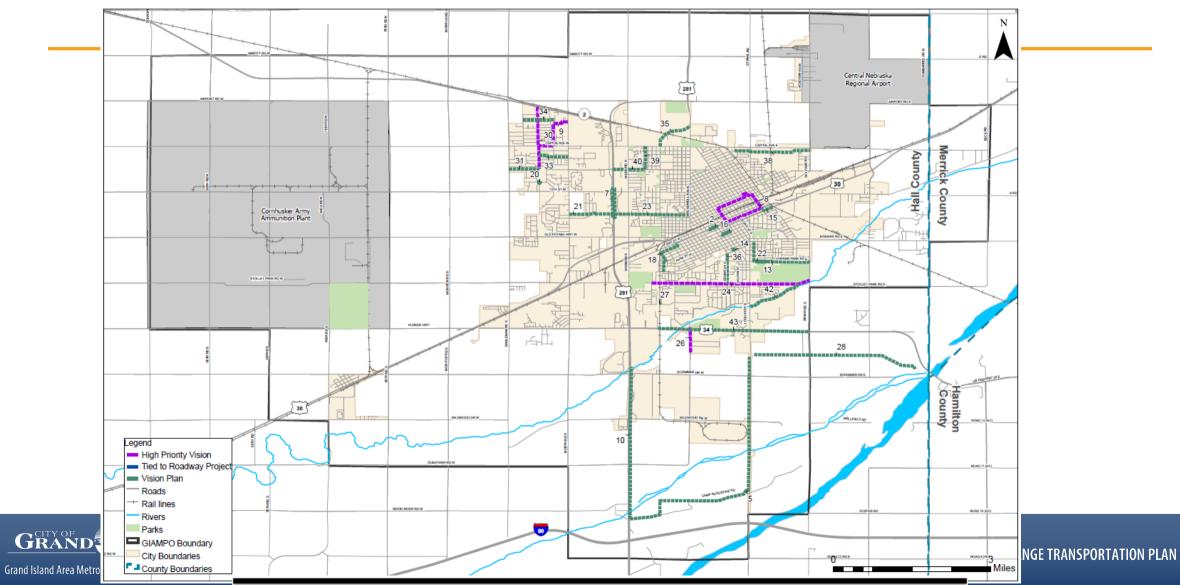
### Bicycle and Pedestrian Projects -Draft List

Time Frame	Project ID	Project Description
erm 030)	3	Capital Ave Trail to Eagle Scout Park Connection
Short-Term (2026-2030)	41	Trail between Cedar Hills Park and the new medical center, Stuhr Trail and Riverway Trail.
m 37)	4	Connection between Shoemaker Trail and Cedar Hills Park.
Mid-Term 2031-2037	44	State Fair Boulevard / Bellwood Drive Trails
(2	29	Oak Street Bike Boulevard
Long-Term (2038-2045)	12	NW High School to State Street Trail Connection
	25	Stolley Park to LE Ray Park Trail
	32	South Locust Street Trails



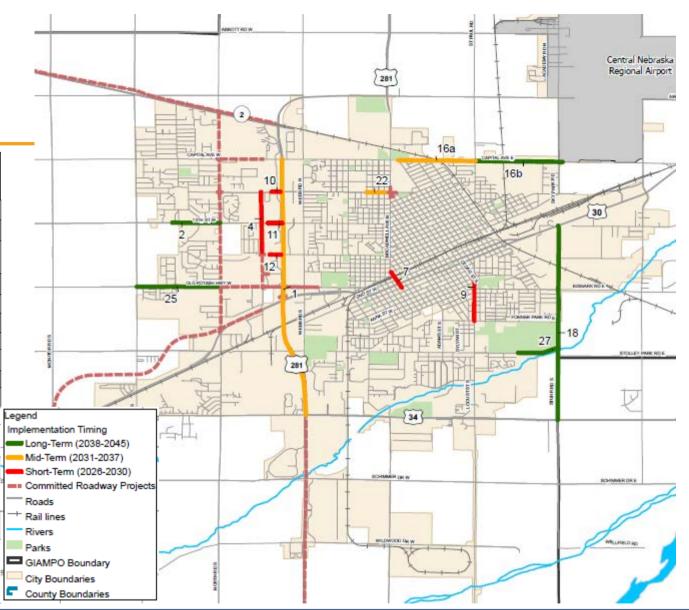


### Bike and Pedestrian - Vision Plan



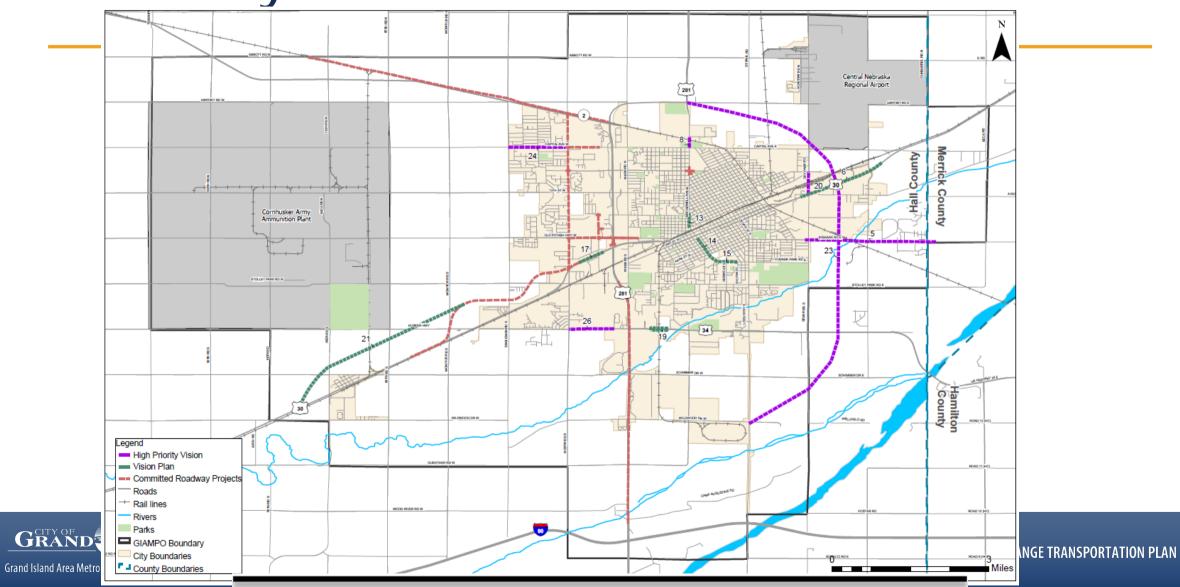
### Roadway Projects -Draft List

Time Frame	Project ID	Project Description	Improvement Type
_	4	Claude Rd, Faidley to State	New Corridor
9-20:	7	Broadwell Ave at UP railroad	Grade Separation
Short-Term (2026-2030)	9	Locust St, Walnut to Fonner Park	Reconstruction and Intersection Improvement
erm	10	State St west of US 281	Access Management
L-t-	11	13th St west of US 281	Access Management
Sho	12	Faidley Ave west of US 281	Access Management
erm 1- 7)	1	US 281, US 34 to Capital Ave	Intersection Improvements
Mid-Term (2031- 2037)	16a	Capital Ave, Broadwell to St Paul	Widen
Mic (2	22	State St, Lafayette to Broadwell	Widen
	2	13th St, North Ave to Independence Ave	Widen
	16b	Capital Ave, St Paul to Sky Park	Widen
Long-Term (2038-2045)	18	Stuhr Road, Highway 30 to Highway 34	Widen
	25	Old Potash, Engelman to North	Widen
	27	Stolley Park Road widening to 3 lanes between Kingswood Dr and Stuhr Rd	Widen





### Roadway - Vision Plan



### Transit Projects - Draft List

- New Transit Facility
- Continued Funding of Transit
   Operations and Maintenance
- Updated Transit Development Plan
- Transit Service Enhancements





### Next Steps

- Get Your Feedback on Project Lists
- November 12 Open House
- Develop Draft Plan Document December



### Thank You!

### Questions?

