

Community Redevelopment Authority (CRA)

Wednesday, January 11, 2017 Regular Meeting

Item -1

Audit

Staff Contact: Chad Nabity



To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island Grand Island, Nebraska

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island for the year ended September 30, 2016. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 30, 2016. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2016. We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were the accruals for estimated TIF receivables and payables.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

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Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. Four audit adjustments decreased the net position of the Authority by \$111,505. The following misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were corrected by management:

- 1) Property tax revenue was decreased \$11,938 to adjust equity to prior year audit.
- 2) Accounts payable and redeveloper bond principal expenses were increased \$29,387 to record amounts due to redevelopers for TIF proceeds held as county treasurer cash.
- 3) Property tax revenue was decreased \$68,348 to adjust property tax receivable and deferred property tax revenue to actual.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 16, 2016.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all of the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the schedule of General Fund expenditures, which accompany the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to the supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors and management of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Grand Island, Nebraska

Amenist. Maltyahn. Colloway - Luth, 2c.

December 16, 2016



To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island Grand Island, Nebraska

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in the Authority's internal control to be a significant deficiency:

The size of the Authority's accounting and administrative staff precludes certain internal controls that would be preferred if the office staff were large enough to provide optimum segregation of duties. This lack of segregation of duties creates an opportunity for employees to commit fraud that may go undetected. This situation suggests that the Board of Directors remain involved in the financial affairs of the Authority to provide oversight and independent review functions.

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, and others within the Authority, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Grand Island, Nebraska

- mlaptlaM. KringmA Cash, Ard - provider

December 16, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

September 30, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska Grand Island, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, a component unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Community Redevelopment Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express

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no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

The financial statements present only the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska component unit and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska, as of September 30, 2016, and the change in its financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 5–10 and 39–40 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures for the General Fund is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures for the General Fund is the responsibility of management and was

derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures for the General Fund is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2016, on our consideration of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Government Auditing Standards in considering Community and compliance.

Grand Island, Nebraska

December 16, 2016

COMMUNITY REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OF GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, we offer readers of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$250,972 (net position). Of this amount, there was a deficit balance of (\$443,140) in unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was a deficit balance of \$(145,462).

Program Highlights

- The CRA will continue to emphasize the acquisition and demolition of substandard properties. The CRA and City Council will continue to encourage developers to look for areas of "Micro-Blight" that could be significantly improved by the acquisition, demolition and construction of a new residential unit or units.
- The CRA will continue to direct attention toward business/industry developments that result in economic development and the creation of new jobs. These efforts may include tax increment financing (TIF), infrastructure development, land acquisition, or other types of allowable assistance. The City of Grand Island and the CRA also approved the use of TIF to support the development of several businesses in Grand Island, including an expansion for Bosselman Corporation and Middleton Electric. The CRA worked on a redevelopment plan and TIF application for a proposed hospital and associated development in Redevelopment Area 17 at the southwest corner of U.S. Highway 281 and Husker Highway. This proposed development is hoped to spur development toward Interstate 80. Two large apartment developments were approved with 288 units north of the South Walmart on Husker Highway (U.S. Highway 34) and 88 units in the final phase of the Cherry Park Apartments on Stuhr Road north of Bismark Avenue.
- The CRA will continue to look for areas ripe for redevelopment and encourages private individuals and developers to submit blighted and substandard studies to the Grand Island City Council for consideration. During 2014, the CRA contracted to have a blighted and substandard study conducted for the Veteran's Home Property. The study was completed and presented to the CRA in November of 2014. On December 1, 2015, Governor Pete Ricketts announced plans to return the Veteran's Home Property to the City of Grand Island. A portion of that property has been deeded back to the City, with the remainder committed for return after the closure of the Grand Island Veterans Home. The City will be

moving forward with redevelopment plans. Those plans are likely to include declaration of the area as blighted and substandard with TIF being used to redevelop the property. This year the City Council also approved Redevelopment Area 19 north of Husker Highway and east of Locust Street (Vanosdall ball fields). The first phase of the Talon apartments has been built there.

- The CRA has developed strategies to limit the exposure of the CRA and the City when a TIF project is approved. Primarily this is done with the TIF contract. The CRA issues a TIF bond that the developer funds through a private investor or financial institution. The bond is repaid from the TIF revenue generated from the project on its TIF-eligible expenses. The bond is limited to no more than 15 years from the time it is issued or amended. The bond amount is capped at either the TIF-eligible expenses or the amount of TIF generated by the project over its life.
- The CRA will continue to work with housing providers, including Habitat for Humanity and the Housing Development Corporation. The CRA actively seeks out opportunities to partner with these types of organizations to provide quality and affordable housing in Grand Island. The third phase of the Copper Creek subdivision included 69 new houses during the 2016 year.
- The CRA continues to work with Downtown, and is supportive of continued efforts to redevelop buildings, especially on the upper floors. During the 2016 year, the CRA approved two grants of \$220,000 under the upper-story Life Safety program. The Hedde Building was awarded \$200,000 and the west side of the Williamson Building was awarded \$20,000. The CRA also approved TIF for the redevelopment of Williamson Building and the Federation of Labor Temple Building. The 2017 budget includes \$265,000 (\$100,000 each from the City and the CRA and \$65,000 of carryover funds from 2016) for life safety infrastructure grants in the downtown area for projects that include upper story residential development. The CRA has made the final payment on the Life Safety grant awarded to Tower 2017 (the Masonic Temple Building). The first through third floors of the building are occupied and construction has started on the fourth and fifth floors.
- The CRA approved tax increment financing for a project along South Locust for the Talon Apartments. Final build out is expected to be 288 units over a 4 to 8 year period. A project was approved for additional 88 apartments at the final phase of the Cherry Park Apartments on Stuhr Road north of Bismark Avenue.
- The redevelopment of the Skagway property at 5 Points is largely complete with a new Super Saver Store open there. One lot for additional development remains east of the new grocery store. The veterans' housing project has been completed and opened in November of 2016. Hatchery Holdings LLC has started construction of the hatchery approved at Platte Valley Industrial Park East. It is to open in 2017.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements include only the CRA itself (known as the *primary government*).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term

financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, maintains one individual governmental fund, the General Fund.

The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13-16 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-38 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's budgetary comparison schedule. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 39 and 40 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, assets exceeded liabilities by \$250,972 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Summary Statements of Net Position

			Increase
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	(<u>Decrease)</u>
Current and Other Assets	\$ 1,336,462	\$ 1,384,486	\$ (48,024)
Capital Assets	575,369	575,369	-
Total Assets	1,911,831	1,959,855	(48,024)
Long-term Liabilities	1,303,701	1,561,669	(257,968)
Other Liabilities	357,158	324,731	32,427
Total Liabilities	1,660,859	1,886,400	(225,541)
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	575,369	575,369	-
Restricted	118,743	158,672	(39,929)
Unrestricted	(443,140)	(660,586)	217,446
Total Net Position	\$ 250,972	\$ 73,455	\$ 177,517

A significant portion of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's net position (\$575,369) reflects its investment in capital assets (land held for redevelopment). These assets are *not* available for future spending.

Net position of \$118,743 is restricted for redevelopers and for life safety grants. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* is a deficit balance of (\$443,140). Unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Net position increased \$177,517 for the year ended September 30, 2016.

Expenses and Program Revenues

	Yea	r Ended S	epte	ember 30, 2016	Year	Ended Se	ptem	ber 30, 2015
		Program Revenues		Program Expenses		rogram evenues		Program Expenses
General government	\$	-	\$	71,972	\$	_	\$	77,524
Community development		706,427		1,162,173	1,	242,099	1.	,494,177
Interest expense			_	45,276				50,541
Total	\$	706,427	\$	1,279,421	\$ <u>1,</u>	242,099	\$ <u>1</u> .	622,242

Revenues by Source

SOURCES OF REVENUE

	Year Ended S	eptember 30, 2016	Year Ended Se	ptember 30, 2015
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 706.427	48.49 %	\$ 1.242.099	63.46 %
Operating grants and contributions		46.49 %	, , ,	03.40 %
Property taxes	725,532	49.80	687,932	35.14
Interest	173	0.01	159	0.01
Other income	24,806	1.70	27,263	1.39
Total	\$ 1,456,938	100.00 %	\$ 1,957,453	100.00 %

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund. The focus of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$923,429. The *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion, was a

deficit of (\$145,462). The remainder of the fund balance is not available for new spending because it has already been 1) committed for future grant projects (\$950,148), 2) restricted for developers (\$18,743), or 3) restricted for life safety grants (\$100,000).

The General Fund is the only fund of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 63.5 percent of General Fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's General Fund increased by \$4,348 during the current fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There was no difference between the original budget and the final adopted budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's investment in capital assets (land held for redevelopment) as of September 30, 2016, amounts to \$575,369.

Long-term debt. During the year ended September 30, 2013, the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska issued \$1,800,000 of limited tax obligation bonds payable to finance the Lincoln Pool project. Bond principal of \$175,000 was paid during the year ended September 30, 2016, leaving an outstanding balance of \$1,280,000. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, had notes payable of \$279,075. The notes payable decreased by \$77,767 (21.8 percent) during the current fiscal year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

• Grants of \$950,148 are committed to be paid during the next 12 months, with an additional \$100,000 committed to be paid through 2018.

These factors were considered in preparing the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's budget for the year ending September 30, 2017.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director, Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, P.O. Box 1968, Grand Island, NE 68802.

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 725,075
County treasurer cash	114,460
Property taxes receivable	66,935
Current portion of TIF receivables	30,071
Total current assets	936,541
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted cash	118,743
Noncurrent portion of TIF receivables	281,178
Land held for redevelopment	 575,369
Total noncurrent assets	 975,290
Total assets	1,911,831
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	34,474
Unavailable property taxes	61,021
Accrued interest payable	6,289
Current portion of notes payable	80,374
Current portion of bonds payable	 175,000
Total current liabilities	357,158
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Noncurrent portion of notes payable	198,701
Noncurrent portion of bonds payable	 1,105,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	 1,303,701
Total liabilities	 1,660,859
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	575,369
Restricted for developers	18,743
Restricted for life safety grants	100,000
Unrestricted	(443,140)
Total net position	\$ 250,972

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2016

									Net	(Expenses)
									Re	venues and
					Prog	ram Revenu	ies		(Changes
					O	perating	Ca	apital	in N	Vet Position
			Chai	ges for	G	rants and	Gra	nts and	Go	vernmental
	<u>E</u> :	<u>xpenses</u>	Sei	rvices	Coı	ntributions	Contr	ributions	<u>A</u>	<u>Activities</u>
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	71,972	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(71,972)
Community development	1	,162,173		-		706,427		-		(455,746)
Interest on long-term debt		45,276		-		-		-		(45,276)
Total governmental activities	\$ 1	,279,421	\$	-	\$	706,427	\$	-		(572,994)
General revenues:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes										725,532
Interest income										173
Other income										24,806
Total general revenues										750,511
Change in net position										177,517
Net position - beginning of year	•									73,455
Net position - end of year									\$	250,972

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

September 30, 2016

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 843,818
County treasurer cash	114,460
Property taxes receivable	 66,935
Total assets	\$ 1,025,213
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 34,474
Unavailable property taxes	61,021
Accrued interest payable	 6,289
Total liabilities	101,784
Fund balance:	
Restricted for developers	18,743
Restricted for life safety grant	100,000
Committed for projects	950,148
Unassigned	(145,462)
Total fund balance	923,429
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,025,213

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2016

Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$	923,429	
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the staten net position are different because:	nent of		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fin resources and therefore are not reported in the fund s			575,369
TIF receivables are noncurrent assets that are not availa pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported in the fund statements.		311,249	
Long-term liabilities, including notes and bonds payable due and payable in the current period and therefore a reported in the fund statements.			
Notes payable	\$ (279,075)		
Bonds payable	(1,280,000)	((1,559,075)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	250,972

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND

For the year ended September 30, 2016

REVENUES	
Property taxes	\$ 725,532
TIF receipts	708,258
Interest income	173
Other income	24,806
Total revenues	1,458,769
EXPENDITURES	
Contract services	60,491
Matching grant funds	454,931
Professional services	10,093
Other	1,388
Conduit debt payments	632,069
Debt service:	
Principal payments	250,173
Interest	44,751
Bond fees	 525
Total expenditures	 1,454,421
Net change in fund balance	4,348
Fund balance - September 30, 2015	 919,081
Fund balance - September 30, 2016	\$ 923,429

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2016

Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds		\$ •	4,348
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:			
TIF proceeds were received, decreasing the TIF receivable balance on the statement of net position. These proceeds are recorded as revenue on the fund statement.		((79,598)
Principal payments on long-term debt are recorded as expenditures in the fund statement, but are recorded as a reduction in liabilities on the statement of net position.			
Notes payable Bonds payable	\$ 77,767 175,000	 2	252,767

See notes to financial statements.

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 177,517

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska (Authority) are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Authority's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note.

1. Financial Reporting Entity

The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, was created by the Grand Island City Council on June 27, 1994, pursuant to Nebraska State Statutes. The purpose of the Authority is to prevent and eliminate blighted areas in the City of Grand Island, Nebraska. The Authority is reported as a component unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska.

The Authority's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Community Redevelopment Authority of

Grand Island, Nebraska

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Authority complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, and has addressed all potential component units (traditionally separate reporting entities) for which the Authority may be financially accountable, and, as such, should be included within the Authority's financial statements. The Authority (the primary government) is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) it is able to impose its will on the organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Authority. Additionally, the primary government is required to consider other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

1. Financial Reporting Entity, continued

Blended Component Units

Blended component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above and whose governing body is the same or substantially the same as the Authority Board or the component unit provides services entirely to the Authority. These component units' funds are blended into those of the Authority by appropriate activity type to compose the primary government presentation. Currently, the Authority has no blended component units.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities that meet the component unit criteria described above but do not meet the criteria for blending. The Authority currently has no discretely presented component units.

2. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. An emphasis is placed on major funds. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Authority or meets the following criteria:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

2. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fund Financial Statements, continued

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The major fund of the financial reporting entity is described below:

Governmental Fund

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Authority and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

Grand Island

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

Measurement Focus, continued

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus is used. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Cash and Certificates of Deposit

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash" includes all demand accounts and savings accounts. The County Treasurer's cash represents revenues collected not yet remitted to the Authority.

Certificates of deposit are carried at cost, which approximates fair market value. Additional cash and certificate of deposit disclosures are presented in Notes B1, C1, and D1.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Property Taxes Receivable and Unavailable Property Taxes

In both the government-wide statements and fund financial statements, property taxes receivable represents levied but uncollected taxes. The unavailable property taxes represent the portion of property taxes receivable expected to be collected more than 60 days after September 30, 2016.

TIF Receivables

In the government-wide statements, TIF receivables consist of all estimated future amounts to be received under the TIF agreements. Estimated receivables are adjusted annually. There is no allowance for uncollectible TIF receivables.

In the fund financial statements, the TIF receivables are not reported as assets. Revenue is recognized as TIF payments are received by the CRA.

Land Held for Redevelopment

Land held for redevelopment is carried at historical cost in the government-wide statements. It is not reported in the fund financial statements, which use the current financial resources measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Bonds and Notes Payable

The accounting treatment of bonds and notes payable depends on whether the assets are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists of bonds and notes payable.

Fund Financial Statements

Bonds and notes payable for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The payment of these liabilities is reported as an expenditure.

Equity Classifications

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The land held for redevelopment is included in this category of net position.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity, continued

Equity Classifications, continued

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Effective October 1, 2010, the CRA adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements.

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the CRA Charter, City Code, state or federal laws or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by CRA Board ordinance or resolution.

Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the Executive Director for a specific purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed by the CRA Board.

Unassigned—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 13). Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned Funds are reduced to the extent that expenditure authority has been budgeted by the CRA Board or the Assignment has been changed by the Executive Director. Decreases to fund balance first reduce Unassigned Fund balance; in the event that Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, then Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

5. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

Property Taxes

The Authority has the power to levy taxes through the City of Grand Island each year sufficient to pay any judgment existing against the Authority, the interest on bonded debt, and the principal on bonded debt, as well as taxes authorized by state law.

On or before August 1, the Authority submits a request for property taxes to the City of Grand Island, who is responsible for levying such taxes for operational costs.

The tax levies for all political subdivisions in Hall County are certified by the County Board on or before October 15. Real estate taxes are due on December 31 and attach as an enforceable lien and become delinquent in two equal installments on May 1 and September 1. Personal property taxes are due in the same manner as real estate taxes. Delinquent taxes bear 14 percent interest.

Property taxes levied for 2015-2016 are recorded as revenue when levied by the County. The CRA also records deferred revenue for property taxes expected to be received more than 60 days after year end.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by character and function for governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources, classified by character and function.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By its nature as a local government unit, the Authority is subject to various federal, state, and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the Authority's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over Authority resources follows:

1. Deposit Laws and Regulations

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the amount of the deposits. The Authority's cash deposits are insured up to \$250,000 and certificates of deposit/savings accounts are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Any cash deposits or certificates of deposit in excess of the FDIC limits are insured by collateral held by the pledging institution in the Authority's name.

2. Budgetary Data

The Authority is required by state laws to adopt annual budgets for all fund types. Each budget is presented on the cash basis of accounting, which is consistent with the requirements of the state budget act.

The Nebraska Budget Act provides the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various expenditure and/or tax levy limitations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

2. Budgetary Data, continued

The Authority follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

- a. On or before August 1, the Authority prepares a budget for the fiscal year commencing October 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and resources available.
- b. The budget is published with subsequent public hearings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 20, the Board adopts the budget, which is then filed with the appropriate state and county officials.
- d. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations. Appropriations lapse at year end and any revisions require board approval.
- e. The County Clerk certifies a preliminary property tax levy for each fund of the Authority which levied property taxes in the county the previous year based on the combined valuation and amount required for the Authority the prior year. The preliminary levy becomes the final levy unless the governing board passes, by a majority vote, a resolution setting the levy at a different amount.
- f. The property tax requirements resulting from the budget process are utilized by the County Assessor to establish the tax levy. Taxes are levied annually on or before November 1. Real property taxes and personal property taxes are due December 31 with the first half delinquent May 1 and the second half delinquent September 1.
- g. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for capital improvement appropriations and certain encumbrances against operating budgets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE B – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

2. Budgetary Data, continued

h. The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, adopts a budget by resolution for all funds.

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS

The following notes present detailed information to support the amounts reported in the basic financial statements for the Authority's various assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit

Deposits

The Authority's policies regarding deposits of cash are discussed in Note A4. The table presented below is designed to disclose how its deposits were insured or secured with collateral at September 30, 2016. The categories of collateral are defined as follows:

Category 1 – Insured by FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Authority (or public trust) or by its agent in its name.

Category 2 – Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Authority's name.

Category 3 – Uninsured and uncollateralized; or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name; or collateralized with no written or approved collateral agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

1. Cash and Certificates of Deposit, continued

Types of Deposits	Total Bank <u>Balance</u>	Category <u>1</u>	Category <u>2</u>	Category <u>3</u>	Total Carrying <u>Value</u>			
Demand deposits and certificates of deposit	\$ 908,555	\$ 250,000	\$ 658,555	\$ -	\$ <u>843,818</u>			
Reconciliation to Government-wide Statement of Net Position: Primary Government –								
Unrestricted cash					\$ 725,075			
Restricted cash					<u>118,743</u>			
					\$ <u>843,818</u>			

2. TIF Receivables

The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, has undertaken a program for the redevelopment of blighted areas in the City. Under the program, various projects agree to create a minimum taxable valuation for real estate tax assessment purposes. The CRA receives the incremental real estate taxes paid by the projects and then uses the tax incremental financing (TIF) funds to make debt service payments on the related notes payable. Estimated future receivables under TIF agreements were as follows as of September 30, 2016:

Poplar Street	\$ 91,745
RSF Limited	5,616
PROCON Development Company, LLC	16,559
Walnut Housing, Ltd.	<u>197,329</u>
_	\$ <u>311,249</u>
Current portion of TIF receivables	\$ 30,071
Noncurrent portion of TIF receivables	<u>281,178</u>
-	\$ <u>311,249</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE C - DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

3. Land Held for Redevelopment

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2016, was as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	October 1, 2015	Additions	Disposals	September 30, 2016
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:		¢	¢.	¢ 575 260
Land held for redevelopment	\$ <u>575,369</u>	\$ <u> - </u>	\$	\$ <u>575,369</u>

4. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the changes to long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2016:

	Balance		Balance	Due Within
	<u>9/30/15</u>	Additions Payments	<u>9/30/16</u>	One Year
Limited Tax Obligation Bonds	\$ 1,455,000	\$ - \$ (175,000)	\$ 1,280,000	\$ 175,000
Note payable – Wells Fargo Bank	9,117	- (3,501)	5,616	3,917
Note payable – Home Federal				
Savings & Loan	56,549	- (12,539)	44,010	16,416
Note payable – Lincoln Federal				
Savings	291,176	<u>- (61,727)</u>	229,449	60,041
Total	\$ <u>1,811,842</u>	\$ <u>-</u> \$ (<u>252,767</u>)	\$ <u>1,559,075</u>	\$ <u>255,374</u>

Long-term debt at September 30, 2016, consists of the following:

a. The Authority issued \$1,800,000 of limited tax obligation bonds on October 30, 2012. The funds were used to finance the Lincoln Pool project. The bonds bear interest ranging from 0.40 to 2.40 percent. Principal payments are due annually commencing December 15, 2013 through December 15, 2022. Interest payments are due semi-annually on June 15th and December 15th.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. Long-term Debt, continued

- b. The Authority borrowed \$37,000 from Wells Fargo Bank on September 3, 2002. The funds were used to finance the RSF Limited redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project. The incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property is pledged to be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 6.90 percent and payments are due semi-annually through December 15, 2017. The unpaid principal balance at September 30, 2016, was \$5,616.
- c. The Authority borrowed \$169,267 from Home Federal Savings and Loan on September 1, 2003. The funds were used to finance the PROCON Development Company, LLC, redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project. The incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property is pledged to be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 7.0 percent and payments are due semi-annually beginning June 15, 2005, through December 15, 2018. The unpaid principal balance at September 30, 2016, was \$44,010.
- d. The Authority borrowed \$668,000 from Lincoln Federal Savings Bank on December 15, 2005. The funds were used to finance the Walnut Housing, Ltd., redevelopment project. The note is collateralized by a promissory note from the redeveloper and a deed of trust on the real estate included in the project. The incremental tax revenue increase by the redeveloped property is pledged to be used for payment of the note. The note bears interest of 6.74 percent and payments are due semi-annually beginning June 15, 2006, through December 15, 2019. The unpaid principal balance at September 30, 2016, was \$229,449.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE C – DETAIL NOTES ON TRANSACTION CLASSES/ACCOUNTS, continued

4. <u>Long-term Debt, continued</u>

Scheduled debt service payments are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 255,374	\$ 38,325	\$	293,699
2018	258,442	31,175		289,617
2019	258,566	23,304		281,870
2020	216,693	15,444		232,137
2021	185,000	10,805		195,805
2022-2026	385,000	9,158	_	394,158
	\$ 1,559,075	\$ <u>128,211</u>	\$ 1	1,687,286

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES

1. Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority has purchased commercial insurance to minimize the effect of possible exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not significantly exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The CRA did not have any investments nor certificates of deposit held at banks in the name of the CRA at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

1. Risk Management, continued

Deposits and Investments, continued

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Authority's investment policy requires that market conditions and investment securities be analyzed to determine the maximum yield to be obtained and to minimize the impact of rising interest rates. There were no certificates of deposit at September 30, 2016.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Authority's investments consist of certificates of deposit and money market funds, minimizing credit risk associated with the Authority's investment portfolio.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Authority's investment policy places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. At September 30, 2016, the Authority's cash balances consisted of the following:

Financial Institution Amount

Wells Fargo \$ 843,818

Foreign Currency Risk. This risk relates to adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The Authority's investments had no exposure to foreign currency risk and the Authority held no investments denominated in foreign currency at September 30, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

2. **Commitments and Contingencies**

Grant Commitments

The Authority has made commitments to fund the following projects:

Committed Projects	<u>Amount</u>	Estimated Due Date				
South Locust BID	\$ 30,000	2017				
Federation of Labor – Ziller	60,000	2017				
Wing Properties – 116 E Third St	68,132	2017				
Wing Properties – 110-114 E Third St	167,016	2017				
Bosselman Real Estate	300,000	2/3 2017 & 1/3 2018				
Zoul Properties – 1201 S Locust	90,000	2017				
Fire & Life Safety Grants:						
Anson – 201-203 West Third St	200,000	2017				
Federation of Labor – Ziller	115,000	2017				
Wing Properties – 116 E Third St	20,000	2017				
	$$\frac{1,050,148}{}$					

Interlocal Agreement 3.

The Authority is a participant in an Interlocal Agreement within the City of Grand Island. The purpose of the Agreement is to provide for reimbursement by the Authority to the City for certain services provided by whomever the City Administrator shall designate as Director of the Authority. The Authority shall reimburse to the City approximately \$2,100 per month to reimburse 20 percent of the Director's total annual salary and benefits and 20 percent of the Planning Secretary's total annual salary and benefits. The Agreement is in effect for the period October 1, 2015, through September 30, 2016. Thereafter, it will automatically renew for successive one-year terms until terminated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

4. Conduit Debt

The Authority collects TIF proceeds and pays the proceeds to financial institutions under several conduit debt arrangements. The Authority has no obligation to make principal and interest payments on the conduit debt except to the extent of the TIF proceeds that are collected.

Redeveloper	Remaining <u>Life</u>	Estimated Amount to be Remitted
Bruns Pet Grooming	4	\$ 29,359
Girard Vet Clinic	4	42,754
PROCON - Geddes Street	6	187,516
Southeast Crossing	5	77,534
Casey's	7	99,352
South Pointe	7	591,693
Todd Enck	6	14,100
Pharmacy Properties	8	57,414
John Schulte	8	33,148
Ken-Ray, LLC	7	144,654
Token Properties	10	29,714
Gordman of GI	11	591,505
Baker Development	11	36,345
Stratford Plaza	11	366,419
Copper Creek	13	944,957
Chief Industries	12	438,748
Token Properties-Kimball St	12	31,608
Habitat for Humanity	12	52,748
Auto One	12	139,610
EIG	11	819,471
Token Properties-Cary St	11	66,764
Wenn	11	41,055
Copper Creek II	14	3,752,044
T. C. Enck	15	6,252
Mainstay	14	466,039
Tower 217	14	195,172
Northwest Commons	15	2,078,722
Habitat (St. Paul Road)	15	62,313
		\$ <u>11,397,010</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

5. Additional TIF Agreements

On July 16, 2013, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with The Guarantee Group, LLC (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to purchase and develop property for a subdivision and install all of the necessary public infrastructure to build 200+ single family dwellings in the first phase of the project over the course of approximately 10 years from the date of the contract. The initial sales price of the houses is limited to between \$139,900 and \$145,900. The sales price may be modified over the course of the contract to accommodate changes in prices for materials and labor. A second phase of this project, subject to a second TIF contract, is anticipated for the remainder of the property with approximately 300 additional dwelling units. A \$4,000,000 TIF bond bearing interest of 8.0 percent was issued by the Authority with an expiration date of December 31, 2039. The developer is responsible for providing to the Authority by July 1 of each year the legal description of all lots with new homes and the sales price of each house to that a "Notice of Intent to Divide Tax for Development Project" form can be filed on the improvements with the Hall County Assessors office by August 1 of each year. TIF financing will be made available and paid toward the bond until either the bond is paid off, the bond expires, or the allowable tax increment is no longer available.

On October 30, 2014, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Grand Island Joint Ventures LLC. (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to rehabilitate the Grand Island Mall on Webb Road, and add additional outlets on both the Webb Road and 281 sides of the building. The estimated value upon completion is \$21,570,000. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$5,600,000 related to the TIF and \$4,000,000 related to enhance employment area bond.

On May 7, 2015, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Pridon LLC. (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to extend utilities and build between 26 and 78 apartments for veterans on the Veteran's Hospital Property at Capital Avenue and Broadwell Street. The estimated value upon completion is \$2,400,000. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$330,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

5. Additional TIF Agreements, continued

On June 5, 2015, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Super Market Developers (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to build a new grocery store and additional strip retail at 720 State Street. The estimated value upon completion is \$7,858,000. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$1,600,000.

In July of 2015 the Authority approved a redevelopment contract with T&S Development (Redeveloper). The contract was executed on November 2, 2015. The Redeveloper intends to finish office space on the second floor of their building at 312 W 3rd Street. The estimated value upon completion is \$1,136,841. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$272,788.

On September 29, 2015, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Bosselman Real Estate LLC. (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to redevelop a commercial property at 1616 S. Locust as corporate office space, retail space and build a hotel on site. The estimated value upon completion is \$21,570,000. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$6,552,000.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Wing Properties, Inc. (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to redevelop Lot 7, Block 54, Original Town of Grand Island. The estimated value upon completion is \$382,266. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$110,485.

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Middleton Properties II, LLC (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to redevelop Lots 2 and 3 of Commercial Industrial Park Sixth Subdivision. The estimated value upon completion is \$936,667. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$247,561.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2016

NOTE D – OTHER NOTES, continued

5. Additional TIF Agreements, continued

During the year ended September 30, 2016, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Talon Apartments, Inc. (Redeveloper). The Redeveloper intends to build apartments on Lot 3 of Vanosdal Second Subdivision. The estimated value upon completion is \$19,484,580. The Redeveloper shall pay all project costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$4,473,120.

6. Related Party Transactions

T&S Development, one of the redevelopers the Authority has entered into a TIF agreement with, is owned by a board member of the Authority.

7. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 16, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available for issue.

On October 12, 2016, the Authority entered into a redevelopment contract with Cherry Park East, LLC (Redeveloper) for phase 3 of Cherry Park redevelopment. The estimated value upon completion is \$7,500,000. The Redeveloper shall pay all projects costs related to the construction of the improvements. Under terms of the agreement, the Authority will grant the Redeveloper \$1,495,000.



(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

Year ended September 30, 2016

	Budget (Original and Final)	<u>Actual</u>	Variance - Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
RESOURCES (INFLOWS)			
Property taxes	\$ 1,614,850	\$ 725,532	\$ (889,318)
TIF receipts	1,159,092	708,258	(450,834)
Interest income	300	173	(127)
Land sales	100,000	-	(100,000)
Other	130,000	24,806	(105,194)
Total resources	3,004,242	1,458,769	(1,545,473)
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)			
Contract services	876,000	60,491	(815,509)
Capital outlay	568,972	-	(568,972)
Matching grant funds	447,000	454,931	7,931
Professional services	24,000	10,093	(13,907)
Printing and publishing	3,000	-	(3,000)
Travel and training	1,000	_	(1,000)
Other	1,300	1,388	88
Conduit debt payments	1,059,458	606,820	(452,638)
Debt service:			
Principal payments	62,564	250,173	187,609
Interest expense	31,070	44,751	13,681
Bond fees		525	525
Total charges to appropriations	3,074,364	1,429,172	(1,645,192)
RESOURCES OVER (UNDER) CHARGES TO	ф (70.122)	¢ 20.507	Φ 00.710
APPROPRIATIONS	\$ (70,122)	\$ 29,597	\$ 99,719

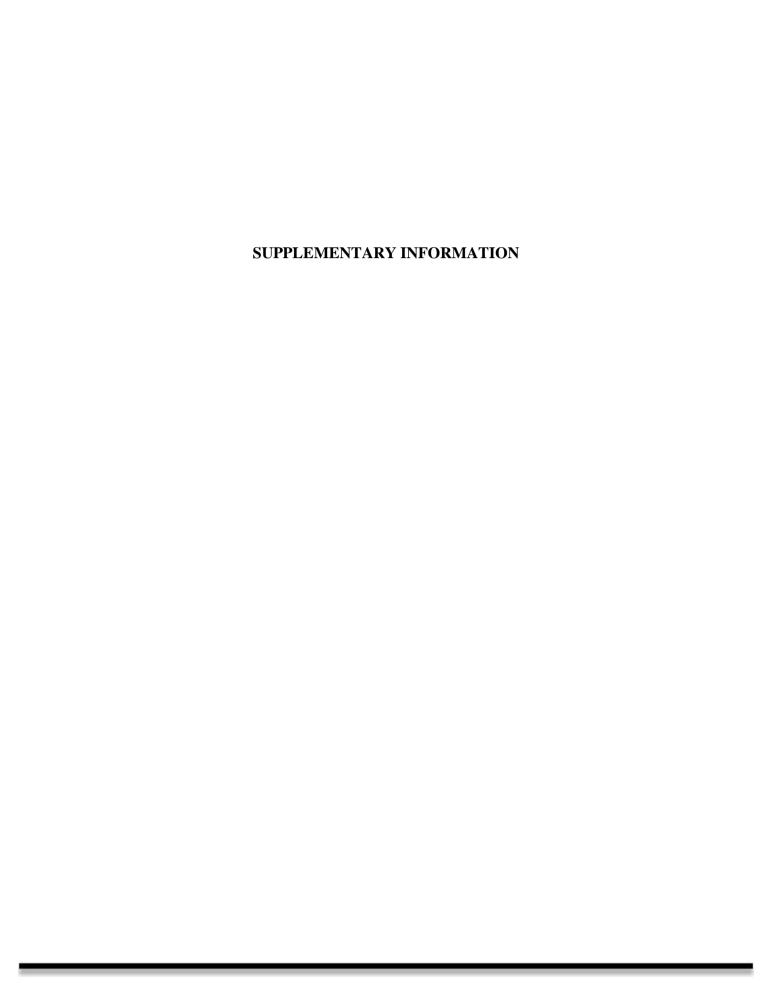
(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year ended September 30, 2016

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and Accrual Basis Revenue and Expenditures

	General <u>Fund</u>
Sources/inflows of resources:	
Actual amounts of resources (budgetary basis)	
from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,458,769
Differences - budget to accrual:	
Cash to accrual adjustments	
Total revenues as reported on the statement	-
of revenues, expenditures, and changes	
in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 1,458,769
Uses/outflows of resources:	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total	
charges to appropriations" from the	
budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,429,172
Differences - budget to accrual:	
Cash to accrual adjustments	25,249
Total expenditures as reported on the statement	-
of revenues, expenditures, and changes	
in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 1,454,421



(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

			Facade						RSF				
		Improvement			Walnut Housing		PROCON Debt		Limited Debt		Bruns Pet		Wile E.
(General		& Other										Investment
S	Services		Projects	Pr	oject	S	Service	S	ervice	Gr	ooming	Pro	perties, LLC
\$	10,093	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	60,491		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,388		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		454,931		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		20,302		9,808
	175,000		-	5	6,188		15,325		3,660		-		-
	22,088		-	1	8,284		3,837		542		-		-
	525		-		-		-		-		-		-
\$	269,585	\$	454,931	\$ 7	4,472	\$	19,162	\$	4,202	\$	20,302	\$	9,808
	S	60,491 1,388 - - 175,000 22,088 525	\$ 10,093 \$ 60,491 1,388 - 175,000 22,088 525	General & Other Projects \$ 10,093	General & Other Projects Proje	General Services Improvement & Other Projects Walnut Housing Project \$ 10,093 \$ - \$ - 60,491 - - 1,388 - - - 454,931 - - - - 175,000 - 56,188 22,088 - 18,284 525 - -	General Services Limprovement & Other Project Walnut Housing Project Project \$ 10,093 \$ - \$ - \$ 5 \$ 60,491 - - - 1,388 - - - - 454,931 - - 175,000 - 56,188 - 22,088 - 18,284 525 - -	General Services Limprovement & Other Projects Walnut Housing Project PROCON Debt Service \$ 10,093 \$ - \$ - \$ - 60,491 - - - 1,388 - - - - 454,931 - - 175,000 - 56,188 15,325 22,088 - 18,284 3,837 525 - - -	General Services Manut & Other Projects Walnut PROCON Debt Project Debt Service Debt Service Service Service Service \$ 10,093 \$ -	General Services Limprovement & Other Projects Walnut Housing Project PROCON Debt Service Limited Debt Service \$ 10,093 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 60,491 - - - - 1,388 - - - - - 454,931 - - - - - 56,188 15,325 3,660 22,088 - 18,284 3,837 542 525 - - - -	General Services Malous Projects Project Project Project Debt Service Debt Service	General Services Limited Projects Bruns Debt Pet Service Debt Service Debt Pet Service Bruns Pet Grooming \$ 10,093 \$ - <td>General Services Matrix Projects Walnut Project Project Debt Service Debt Grooming Bruns Project \$ 10,093 \$ - <t< td=""></t<></td>	General Services Matrix Projects Walnut Project Project Debt Service Debt Grooming Bruns Project \$ 10,093 \$ - <t< td=""></t<>

Ge	OCON - eddes St eartments	Southeast Crossing	Casey's	So	South Pointe Hotel		Todd Enck Project		n Schulte	Pharmacy Properties		
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	41,657	14,267	8,930		86,441		6,542		7,557		11,500	
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-				-				-		-	
\$	41,657	\$ 14,267	\$ 8,930	\$	86,441	\$	6,542	\$	7,557	\$	11,500	

(A Component Unit of the City of Grand Island, Nebraska)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - GENERAL FUND, Continued

For the Year Ended September 30, 2016

	Poplar Street	en-Ray Project]	County Fund \$8598	Go	ordman	Dev	Baker velopment, Inc.	P	ratford laza, LLC		opper Treek	Ind Aı	ustries urora Coop
Legal/other professional														
services	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contract services	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Grant funds	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Conduit debts payments	10,194	42,273		2,991		18,741		5,191	2	23,891	(56,761	3	37,862
Principal payments	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest expense	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Bond fees	 -	 -		-		-				-				-
	\$ 10,194	\$ 42,273	\$	2,991	\$	18,741	\$	5,191	\$ 2	23,891	\$ 6	56,761	\$ 3	7,862

Token				Token					
Properties	Habitat	Auto	EIG	Properties	Wenn				
Kimball	for	One,	Grand	Cary	Housing	Copper		Tower	
Street	Humanity	Inc.	Island	Street	Project	Creek II	Mainstay	217	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,093
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60,491
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,388
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	454,931
2,652	4,182	11,513	50,910	7,595	4,180	110,640	24,863	626	632,069
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	250,173
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,751
									525
\$ 2,652	\$ 4,182	\$ 11,513	\$ 50,910	\$ 7,595	\$ 4,180	\$ 110,640	\$ 24,863	\$ 626	\$ 1,454,421



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska Grand Island, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

SHAREHOLDERS

Robert D. Almquist Phillip D. Maltzahn Terry T. Galloway Marcy J. Luth Heidi A. Ashby Christine R. Shenk Michael E. Hoback Joseph P. Stump Kyle R. Overturf

Wealth Management, LLC Registered Investment Advisor, is affiliated with Almquist, Maltzahn, Galloway & Luth, P.C. and offers wealth management and investment advisory services.

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A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described below that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Segregation of Duties

Due to limited number of personnel, there is not adequate segregation of duties to ensure internal control over cash receipts, disbursements, and recording of transactions.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's Response to Findings

The Community Redevelopment Authority of Grand Island, Nebraska's response to the findings identified in our audit is that due to the small size of the Authority, it is impractical to further segregate duties. The Authority's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grand Island, Nebraska

Amquist Maltyalm. Gallowdy - Lith, D.C.

December 16, 2016